## 117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. CON. RES.

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. SANDERS (for himself, \_\_\_\_\_\_) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on

# **CONCURRENT RESOLUTION**

- Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031.
  - 1 Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives
  - 2 concurring),

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# 1SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET2FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022.

(a) DECLARATION.—Congress declares that this reso-

4 lution is the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal

5 year 2022 and that this resolution sets forth the appro-

- 6 priate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031.
- 7 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

#### 8 this concurrent resolution is as follows:

Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2022.

#### TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

#### Subtitle A—Budgetary Levels in Both Houses

- Sec. 1101. Recommended levels and amounts.
- Sec. 1102. Major functional categories.

Subtitle B—Levels and Amounts in the Senate

Sec. 1201. Social Security in the Senate.

Sec. 1202. Postal Service discretionary administrative expenses in the Senate.

#### TITLE II—RECONCILIATION

- Sec. 2001. Reconciliation in the Senate.
- Sec. 2002. Reconciliation in the House of Representatives.

#### TITLE III—RESERVE FUNDS

- Sec. 3001. Reserve fund for legislation that won't raise taxes on people making less than \$400,000 in the Senate.
- Sec. 3002. Reserve fund for reconciliation legislation.
- Sec. 3003. Reserve fund.

#### TITLE IV—OTHER MATTERS

- Sec. 4001. Emergency legislation.
- Sec. 4002. Point of order against advance appropriations in the Senate.
- Sec. 4003. Point of order against advance appropriations in the House of Representatives.
- Sec. 4004. Program integrity initiatives and other adjustments in the Senate.
- Sec. 4005. Program integrity initiatives and other adjustments in the House of Representatives.
- Sec. 4006. Enforcement filing.
- Sec. 4007. Application and effect of changes in allocations, aggregates, and other budgetary levels.
- Sec. 4008. Adjustments to reflect changes in concepts and definitions.
- Sec. 4009. Adjustment for bipartisan infrastructure legislation in the Senate.

	Sec. 4010. Adjustment for infrastructure legislation in the House of Represent-
	atives. Sec. 4011. Applicability of adjustments to discretionary spending limits.
	Sec. 4012. Budgetary treatment of administrative expenses.
	Sec. 4013. Appropriate budgetary adjustments in the House of Representatives. Sec. 4014. Adjustment for changes in the baseline in the House of Representa-
	tives. Sec. 4015. Scoring rule in the Senate for child care and pre-kindergarten legis- lation.
	Sec. 4016. Exercise of rulemaking powers.
1	TITLE I—RECOMMENDED
2	LEVELS AND AMOUNTS
3	Subtitle A—Budgetary Levels in
4	<b>Both Houses</b>
5	SEC. 1101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.
6	The following budgetary levels are appropriate for
7	each of fiscal years 2022 through 2031:
8	(1) FEDERAL REVENUES.—For purposes of the
9	enforcement of this resolution:
10	(A) The recommended levels of Federal
11	revenues are as follows:
12	Fiscal year 2022: \$3,401,380,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2023: \$3,512,947,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2024: \$3,542,298,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2025: \$3,565,871,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2026: \$3,773,174,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2027: \$3,995,160,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2028: \$4,090,582,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2029: \$4,218,130,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2030: \$4,352,218,000,000.

1	Fiscal year 2031: \$4,505,614,000,000.
2	(B) The amounts by which the aggregate
3	levels of Federal revenues should be changed
4	are as follows:
5	Fiscal year 2022: \$0.
6	Fiscal year 2023: \$0.
7	Fiscal year 2024: \$0.
8	Fiscal year 2025: \$0.
9	Fiscal year 2026: \$0.
10	Fiscal year 2027: \$0.
11	Fiscal year 2028: \$0.
12	Fiscal year 2029: \$0.
13	Fiscal year 2030: \$0.
14	Fiscal year 2031: \$0.
15	(2) New Budget Authority.—For purposes
16	of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
17	levels of total new budget authority are as follows:
18	Fiscal year 2022: \$4,417,362,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2023: \$4,579,359,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2024: \$4,699,353,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2025: \$4,940,084,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2026: \$5,107,577,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2027: \$5,311,640,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2028: \$5,633,086,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2029: \$5,722,075,000,000.

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1	Fiscal year 2030: \$6,064,522,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2031: \$6,365,907,000,000.
3	(3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the
4	enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
5	of total budget outlays are as follows:
6	Fiscal year 2022: \$4,698,391,000,000.
7	Fiscal year 2023: \$4,671,457,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2024: \$4,714,709,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2025: \$4,936,110,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2026: \$5,087,789,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2027: \$5,288,850,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2028: \$5,635,713,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2029: \$5,667,301,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2030: \$6,024,068,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2031: \$6,322,190,000,000.
16	(4) Deficits.—For purposes of the enforce-
17	ment of this resolution, the amounts of the deficits
18	are as follows:
19	Fiscal year 2022: \$1,297,011,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2023: \$1,158,510,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2024: \$1,172,411,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2025: \$1,370,239,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2026: \$1,314,615,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2027: \$1,293,690,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2028: \$1,545,131,000,000.

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Fiscal year 2029: \$1,449,171,000,000.
Fiscal year 2030: \$1,671,850,000,000.
Fiscal year 2031: \$1,816,576,000,000.
(5) PUBLIC DEBT.—Pursuant to section
301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of $1974$
(2  U.S.C.  632(a)(5)), the appropriate levels of the
public debt are as follows:
Fiscal year 2022: \$30,789,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023: \$32,141,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2024: \$33,526,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2025: \$35,059,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2026: \$36,570,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2027: \$37,952,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2028: \$39,733,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2029: \$41,296,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2030: \$43,188,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2031: \$45,150,000,000,000.
(6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—The appro-
priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:
Fiscal year 2022: \$24,622,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023: \$25,826,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2024: \$27,153,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2025: \$28,678,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2026: \$30,219,000,000,000.
Fiscal year 2027: \$31,776,000,000,000.

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1	Fiscal year 2028: \$33,737,000,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2029: \$35,521,000,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2030: \$37,692,000,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2031: \$39,987,000,000,000.
5	SEC. 1102. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.
6	Congress determines and declares that the appro-
7	priate levels of new budget authority and outlays for fiscal
8	years 2022 through 2031 for each major functional cat-
9	egory are:
10	(1) National Defense (050):
11	Fiscal year 2022:
12	(A) New budget authority,
13	765,704,000,000.
14	(B) Outlays, \$763,985,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2023:
16	(A) New budget authority,
17	782,245,000,000.
18	(B) Outlays, \$770,192,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2024:
20	(A) New budget authority,
21	799,520,000,000.
22	(B) Outlays, \$776,297,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2025:
24	(A) New budget authority,
25	\$817,214,000,000.

1	(B) Outlays, \$794,946,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2026:
3	(A) New budget authority,
4	$\$835,\!351,\!000,\!000.$
5	(B) Outlays, \$810,367,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2027:
7	(A) New budget authority,
8	$\$843,\!873,\!000,\!000.$
9	(B) Outlays, \$821,610,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2028:
11	(A) New budget authority,
12	\$852,499,000,000.
13	(B) Outlays, \$836,561,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2029:
15	(A) New budget authority,
16	\$861,191,000,000.
17	(B) Outlays, \$834,592,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2030:
19	(A) New budget authority,
20	\$870,003,000,000.
21	(B) Outlays, \$848,928,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2031:
23	(A) New budget authority,
24	\$880,156,000,000.
25	(B) Outlays, \$858,990,000,000.

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1	(2) Inter	mational Affa	irs (150):		
2	Fise	eal year 2022	:		
3	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
4	\$68,740	000,000.			
5	(B)	Outlays, \$68	,368,000,000	).	
6	Fise	eal year 2023	:		
7	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
8	\$66,170	000,000.			
9	(B)	Outlays, \$64	,121,000,000	).	
10	Fise	eal year 2024	:		
11	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
12	\$67,128	000,000.			
13	(B)	(B) Outlays, \$65,429,000,000.			
14	Fise	eal year 2025	:		
15	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,	
16	\$68,621	000,000.			
17	(B)	Outlays, \$66	,231,000,000	).	
18	Fise	al year 2026	:		
19	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
20	\$70,182	000,000.			
21	(B)	Outlays, \$67	,113,000,000	).	
22	Fise	eal year 2027	:		
23	(A)	New	budget	authority,	
24	\$71,840	000,000.			
25	(B)	Outlays, \$68	,304,000,000	).	

1		Fiscal y	ear 2028:		
2		(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$73	,526,000,	000.		
4		(B) Out	lays, \$69,	474,000,000.	
5		Fiscal y	ear 2029:		
6		(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$75,	,221,000,	000.		
8		(B) Out	lays, \$71,	071,000,000.	
9		Fiscal y	ear 2030:		
10		(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$76,	,918,000,	000.		
12		(B) Out	lays, \$72,	602,000,000.	
13		Fiscal y	ear 2031:		
14		(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	\$78,	,648,000,	000.		
16		(B) Out	lays, \$74,	169,000,000.	
17	(3)	General	Science,	Space, and	Technology
18	(250):				
19		Fiscal y	ear 2022:		
20		(A)	New	budget	authority,
21	\$43,	,582,000,	000.		
22		(B) Out	lays, \$39,	492,000,000.	
23		Fiscal y	ear 2023:		
24		$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
25	\$46,	,345,000,	000.		

1	(B) Outlays, \$43,900,000,000.	
2	Fiscal year 2024:	
3	(A) New budget authority,	
4	\$48,435,000,000.	
5	(B) Outlays, \$46,597,000,000.	
6	Fiscal year 2025:	
7	(A) New budget authority,	
8	\$50,286,000,000.	
9	(B) Outlays, \$48,830,000,000.	
10	Fiscal year 2026:	
11	(A) New budget authority,	
12	\$51,492,000,000.	
13	(B) Outlays, \$50,050,000,000.	
14	Fiscal year 2027:	
15	(A) New budget authority,	
16	\$51,839,000,000.	
17	(B) Outlays, \$50,449,000,000.	
18	Fiscal year 2028:	
19	(A) New budget authority,	
20	\$51,169,000,000.	
21	(B) Outlays, \$49,783,000,000.	
22	Fiscal year 2029:	
23	(A) New budget authority,	
24	\$50,735,000,000.	
25	(B) Outlays, \$49,415,000,000.	

1	Fisca	l year 2030:	:	
2	(A)	New	budget	authority,
3	\$50,898,0	00,000.		
4	(B) (	Outlays, \$49	,548,000,000.	
5	Fisca	l year 2031:	:	
6	(A)	New	budget	authority,
7	\$51,324,0	00,000.		
8	(B) (	Outlays, \$49	,936,000,000.	
9	(4) Energ	y (270):		
10	Fisca	l year 2022:	:	
11	(A)	New	budget	authority,
12	\$14,240,0	00,000.		
13	(B) (	Outlays, \$10	,032,000,000.	
14	Fisca	l year 2023:	:	
15	(A)	New	budget	authority,
16	\$59,665,0	00,000.		
17	(B) (	Outlays, \$57	,248,000,000.	
18	Fisca	l year 2024:	:	
19	(A)	New	budget	authority,
20	\$55,348,0	00,000.		
21	(B) (	Outlays, \$53	,858,000,000.	
22	Fisca	l year 2025:	:	
23	(A)	New	budget	authority,
24	\$67,729,0	00,000.		
25	(B) (	Outlays, \$66	,867,000,000.	

1	Fiscal year 2026:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$78,038,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$77,647,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2027:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$79,617,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$79,511,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2028:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$74,543,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$74,164,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2029:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$68,781,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$68,174,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2030:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$63,620,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$62,932,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2031:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$55,974,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$55,198,000,000.
25	(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):

1	Fiscal year 2022:	
2	(A) New budget authority,	
3	60,969,000,000.	
4	(B) Outlays, \$54,889,000,000.	
5	Fiscal year 2023:	
6	(A) New budget authority,	
7	70,319,000,000.	
8	(B) Outlays, \$67,072,000,000.	
9	Fiscal year 2024:	
10	(A) New budget authority,	
11	78,314,000,000.	
12	(B) Outlays, \$75,927,000,000.	
13	Fiscal year 2025:	
14	(A) New budget authority,	
15	\$85,585,000,000.	
16	(B) Outlays, \$84,140,000,000.	
17	Fiscal year 2026:	
18	(A) New budget authority,	
19	\$88,203,000,000.	
20	(B) Outlays, \$89,292,000,000.	
21	Fiscal year 2027:	
22	(A) New budget authority,	
23	\$85,995,000,000.	
24	(B) Outlays, \$88,010,000,000.	
25	Fiscal year 2028:	

1	1 (A) New budget au	thority,				
2	2 \$79,575,000,000.	\$79,575,000,000.				
3	3 (B) Outlays, \$81,370,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$81,370,000,000.				
4	4 Fiscal year 2029:					
5	5 (A) New budget au	ıthority,				
6	<b>5 \$</b> 72,930,000,000.					
7	7 (B) Outlays, \$74,272,000,000.					
8	8 Fiscal year 2030:					
9	9 (A) New budget au	ıthority,				
10	\$68,352,000,000.					
11	(B) Outlays, \$69,251,000,000.					
12	2 Fiscal year 2031:					
13	3 (A) New budget au	thority,				
14	4 \$68,666,000,000.					
15	5 (B) Outlays, \$68,676,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$68,676,000,000.				
16	6 (6) Agriculture (350):	(6) Agriculture (350):				
17	7 Fiscal year 2022:					
18	8 (A) New budget au	thority,				
19	9 \$23,063,000,000.					
20	0 (B) Outlays, \$25,334,000,000.					
21	1 Fiscal year 2023:					
22	2 (A) New budget au	thority,				
23	<b>3</b> \$21,368,000,000.					
24	(B) Outlays, \$22,442,000,000.					
25	5 Fiscal year 2024:					

1		$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,	
2	\$19	\$19,240,000,000.				
3		(B) Outlays, \$23,187,000,000.				
4		Fiscal ye	ear 2025:			
5		$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,	
6	\$21	,860,000,0	000.			
7		(B) Outl	ays, \$24,61	14,000,000.		
8		Fiscal ye	ar 2026:			
9		(A)	New	budget	authority,	
10	\$23	,761,000,0	000.			
11		(B) Outl	ays, \$25,15	51,000,000.		
12		Fiscal ye	ear 2027:			
13		(A)	New	budget	authority,	
14	\$25	\$25,501,000,000.				
15		(B) Outlays, \$26,471,000,000.				
16		Fiscal ye	ear 2028:			
17		$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,	
18	\$26	,186,000,0	000.			
19		(B) Outlays, \$26,499,000,000.				
20		Fiscal ye	ear 2029:			
21		(A)	New	budget	authority,	
22	\$25	,629,000,0	000.			
23		(B) Outlays, \$25,874,000,000.				
24		Fiscal ye	ar 2030:			

1	1 (A) New budget	authority,			
2	\$25,159,000,000.	\$25,159,000,000.			
3	(B) Outlays, \$25,989,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$25,989,000,000.			
4	4 Fiscal year 2031:				
5	5 (A) New budget	authority,			
6	\$\$28,515,000,000.				
7	7 (B) Outlays, \$26,284,000,000.				
8	8 (7) Commerce and Housing Credit (3	70):			
9	9 Fiscal year 2022:				
10	0 (A) New budget	authority,			
11	\$18,105,000,000.				
12	2 (B) Outlays, \$42,495,000,000.				
13	3 Fiscal year 2023:				
14	4 (A) New budget	authority,			
15	\$\$19,284,000,000.				
16	6 (B) Outlays, \$29,411,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$29,411,000,000.			
17	7 Fiscal year 2024:				
18	8 (A) New budget	authority,			
19	\$25,017,000,000.				
20	0 (B) Outlays, \$22,592,000,000.				
21	1 Fiscal year 2025:				
22	2 (A) New budget	authority,			
23	\$24,785,000,000.				
24	(B) Outlays, \$19,146,000,000.				
25	5 Fiscal year 2026:				

1	(A) New budget authority	,				
2	\$23,609,000,000.	\$23,609,000,000.				
3	(B) Outlays, \$15,045,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$15,045,000,000.				
4	Fiscal year 2027:					
5	(A) New budget authority	,				
6	\$21,752,000,000.					
7	(B) Outlays, \$12,248,000,000.					
8	Fiscal year 2028:					
9	(A) New budget authority	,				
10	\$21,992,000,000.					
11	(B) Outlays, \$12,894,000,000.					
12	Fiscal year 2029:					
13	(A) New budget authority	,				
14	\$23,789,000,000.					
15	(B) Outlays, \$13,250,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$13,250,000,000.				
16	Fiscal year 2030:					
17	(A) New budget authority	,				
18	\$22,410,000,000.					
19	(B) Outlays, \$10,462,000,000.					
20	Fiscal year 2031:					
21	(A) New budget authority	,				
22	\$17,548,000,000.					
23	(B) Outlays, \$6,105,000,000.					
24	(8) Transportation (400):					
25	Fiscal year 2022:					

1	(A) New budget authority,				
2	\$112,406,000,000.				
3	(B) Outlays, \$133,738,000,000.				
4	Fiscal year 2023:				
5	(A) New budget authority,				
6	\$113,887,000,000.				
7	(B) Outlays, \$118,957,000,000.				
8	Fiscal year 2024:				
9	(A) New budget authority,				
10	\$115,061,000,000.				
11	(B) Outlays, \$112,082,000,000.				
12	Fiscal year 2025:				
13	(A) New budget authority,				
14	\$115,757,000,000.				
15	(B) Outlays, \$114,226,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$114,226,000,000.			
16	Fiscal year 2026:				
17	(A) New budget authority,				
18	\$116,887,000,000.				
19	(B) Outlays, \$116,667,000,000.				
20	Fiscal year 2027:				
21	(A) New budget authority,				
22	\$109,698,000,000.				
23	(B) Outlays, \$119,447,000,000.				
24	Fiscal year 2028:				

1		(A)	New	budget	authority,
2	\$11	0,385,0	00,000.		
3		(B) O	utlays, \$121,	240,000,00	00.
4		Fiscal	year 2029:		
5		(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$11	0,874,0	00,000.		
7		(B) O	utlays, \$122,	515,000,00	)0.
8		Fiscal	year 2030:		
9		(A)	New	budget	authority,
10	\$10	6,173,0	00,000.		
11		(B) O	utlays, \$117,	702,000,00	00.
12		Fiscal	year 2031:		
13		(A)	New	budget	authority,
14	\$10'	7,256,0	00,000.		
15		(B) O	(B) Outlays, \$118,633,000,000.		
16	(9)	Comm	nunity and	Regional	Development
17	(450):				
18		Fiscal	year 2022:		
19		(A)	New	budget	authority,
20	\$43,	,543,00	0,000.		
21		(B) O	utlays, \$47,3	18,000,000	).
22		Fiscal	year 2023:		
23		(A)	New	budget	authority,
24	\$27,	,007,00	0,000.		
25		(B) O	utlays, \$33,3	80,000,000	).

1	Fiscal year 2024:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$28,430,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$34,603,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2025:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$27,461,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$34,658,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2026:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$27,839,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$35,338,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2027:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$27,744,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$35,238,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2028:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$28,136,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$35,738,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2029:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$28,524,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$36,097,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2030:

1	(A) New budget authority,	
2	\$28,943,000,000.	
3	(B) Outlays, \$36,452,000,000.	
4	Fiscal year 2031:	
5	(A) New budget authority,	
6	\$33,429,000,000.	
7	(B) Outlays, \$38,014,000,000.	
8	(10) Education, Training, Employment, and	
9	Social Services (500):	
10	Fiscal year 2022:	
11	(A) New budget authority,	
12	\$159,805,000,000.	
13	(B) Outlays, \$208,172,000,000.	
14	Fiscal year 2023:	
15	(A) New budget authority,	
16	\$180,462,000,000.	
17	(B) Outlays, \$225,204,000,000.	
18	Fiscal year 2024:	
19	(A) New budget authority,	
20	\$200,600,000,000.	
21	(B) Outlays, \$249,029,000,000.	
22	Fiscal year 2025:	
23	(A) New budget authority,	
24	\$211,940,000,000.	
25	(B) Outlays, \$243,908,000,000.	

1	Fiscal year 2026:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$212, 123, 000, 000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$226,623,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2027:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$214,568,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$218,916,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2028:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$217,422,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$218,221,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2029:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$220,255,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$219,079,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2030:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$229,691,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$228,404,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2031:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$244,488,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$242,537,000,000.
25	(11) Health (550):

1	Fiscal year 2022:	
2	(A) New budget authority,	
3	$\$853,\!696,\!000,\!000.$	
4	(B) Outlays, \$952,919,000,000.	
5	Fiscal year 2023:	
6	(A) New budget authority,	
7	\$804,345,000,000.	
8	(B) Outlays, \$827,269,000,000.	
9	Fiscal year 2024:	
10	(A) New budget authority,	
11	\$800,361,000,000.	
12	(B) Outlays, \$809,731,000,000.	
13	Fiscal year 2025:	
14	(A) New budget authority,	
15	\$830,330,000,000.	
16	(B) Outlays, \$830,449,000,000.	
17	Fiscal year 2026:	
18	(A) New budget authority,	
19	\$855,834,000,000.	
20	(B) Outlays, \$849,147,000,000.	
21	Fiscal year 2027:	
22	(A) New budget authority,	
23	\$876,704,000,000.	
24	(B) Outlays, \$869,791,000,000.	
25	Fiscal year 2028:	

1	(A) New budget authority,					
2	\$908,063,000,000.					
3	(B) Outlays, \$906,081,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$906,081,000,000.				
4	Fiscal year 2029:					
5	(A) New budget authority,					
6	\$940,898,000,000.					
7	(B) Outlays, \$939,318,000,000.					
8	Fiscal year 2030:					
9	(A) New budget authority,					
10	\$982,028,000,000.					
11	(B) Outlays, \$970,863,000,000.					
12	Fiscal year 2031:					
13	(A) New budget authority,					
14	\$1,018,845,000,000.					
15	(B) Outlays, \$1,017,586,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$1,017,586,000,000.				
16	(12) Medicare (570):	(12) Medicare (570):				
17	Fiscal year 2022:					
18	(A) New budget authority,					
19	\$772,277,000,000.					
20	(B) Outlays, \$771,930,000,000.					
21	Fiscal year 2023:					
22	(A) New budget authority,					
23	\$882,348,000,000.					
24	(B) Outlays, \$882,065,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$882,065,000,000.				
25	Fiscal year 2024:					

1	(A) New budget authority,	
2	902,102,000,000.	
3	(B) Outlays, \$901,899,000,000.	
4	Fiscal year 2025:	
5	(A) New budget authority,	
6	\$1,018,540,000,000.	
7	(B) Outlays, \$1,018,302,000,000.	
8	Fiscal year 2026:	
9	(A) New budget authority,	
10	\$1,091,095,000,000.	
11	(B) Outlays, \$1,090,814,000,000.	
12	Fiscal year 2027:	
13	(A) New budget authority,	
14	\$1,168,909,000,000.	
15	(B) Outlays, \$1,168,581,000,000.	
16	Fiscal year 2028:	
17	(A) New budget authority,	
18	\$1,326,565,000,000.	
19	(B) Outlays, \$1,326,191,000,000.	
20	Fiscal year 2029:	
21	(A) New budget authority,	
22	\$1,262,774,000,000.	
23	(B) Outlays, \$1,262,367,000,000.	
24	Fiscal year 2030:	

1	(A) New budget authority,	7,						
2	\$1,425,734,000,000.	\$1,425,734,000,000.						
3	(B) Outlays, \$1,425,284,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$1,425,284,000,000.						
4	Fiscal year 2031:	Fiscal year 2031:						
5	(A) New budget authority,	7,						
6	\$1,509,905,000,000.							
7	(B) Outlays, \$1,509,433,000,000.							
8	(13) Income Security (600):							
9	Fiscal year 2022:							
10	(A) New budget authority,	7,						
11	\$830,063,000,000.							
12	(B) Outlays, \$867,038,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$867,038,000,000.						
13	Fiscal year 2023:							
14	(A) New budget authority,	7,						
15	\$820,620,000,000.							
16	(B) Outlays, \$836,905,000,000.							
17	Fiscal year 2024:							
18	(A) New budget authority,	7,						
19	\$821,754,000,000.							
20	(B) Outlays, \$811,159,000,000.							
21	Fiscal year 2025:	Fiscal year 2025:						
22	(A) New budget authority,	7,						
23	792,146,000,000.	792,146,000,000.						
24	(B) Outlays, \$780,347,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$780,347,000,000.						
25	Fiscal year 2026:	Fiscal year 2026:						

1	(A) New budget authority	,					
2	\$730,424,000,000.	\$730,424,000,000.					
3	(B) Outlays, \$725,612,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$725,612,000,000.					
4	Fiscal year 2027:						
5	(A) New budget authority	,					
6	\$733,601,000,000.						
7	(B) Outlays, \$724,726,000,000.						
8	Fiscal year 2028:						
9	(A) New budget authority	,					
10	\$752,515,000,000.						
11	(B) Outlays, \$749,719,000,000.						
12	Fiscal year 2029:						
13	(A) New budget authority	,					
14	\$764,277,000,000.	\$764,277,000,000.					
15	(B) Outlays, \$749,137,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$749,137,000,000.					
16	Fiscal year 2030:						
17	(A) New budget authority	,					
18	\$781,991,000,000.						
19	(B) Outlays, \$772,369,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$772,369,000,000.					
20	Fiscal year 2031:						
21	(A) New budget authority	,					
22	\$802,900,000,000.	\$802,900,000,000.					
23	(B) Outlays, \$792,858,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$792,858,000,000.					
24	(14) Social Security (650):	(14) Social Security (650):					
25	Fiscal year 2022:						

1		(A)	New	budget	authority,				
2	\$47	\$47,020,000,000.							
3		(B) Outlays, \$47,020,000,000.							
4		Fiscal	year 2023:						
5		(A)	New	budget	authority,				
6	\$50	,129,00	0,000.						
7		(B) Ou	utlays, \$50,	129,000,000.					
8		Fiscal	year 2024:						
9		(A)	New	budget	authority,				
10	\$53	,591,00	0,000.						
11		(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$53,	591,000,000.					
12		Fiscal	year 2025:						
13		(A)	New	budget	authority,				
14	\$57	\$57,355,000,000.							
15		(B) Ou	ıtlays, \$57,	355,000,000.					
16		Fiscal	year 2026:						
17		(A)	New	budget	authority,				
18	\$67	,932,00	0,000.						
19		(B) Outlays, \$67,932,000,000.							
20		Fiscal	year 2027:						
21		(A)	New	budget	authority,				
22	\$74	,299,00	0,000.						
23		(B) Outlays, \$74,299,000,000.							
24		Fiscal year 2028:							

1	(A) New budget authority,							
2	\$79,053,000,000.	\$79,053,000,000.						
3	(B) Outlays, \$79,053,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$79,053,000,000.						
4	Fiscal year 2029:							
5	(A) New budget authority,							
6	\$84,197,000,000.							
7	(B) Outlays, \$84,197,000,000.							
8	Fiscal year 2030:							
9	(A) New budget authority,							
10	\$89,406,000,000.							
11	(B) Outlays, \$89,406,000,000.							
12	Fiscal year 2031:							
13	(A) New budget authority,							
14	\$93,932,000,000.	\$93,932,000,000.						
15	(B) Outlays, \$93,932,000,000.							
16	(15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):							
17	Fiscal year 2022:							
18	(A) New budget authority,							
19	\$274,340,000,000.							
20	(B) Outlays, \$282,071,000,000.							
21	Fiscal year 2023:							
22	(A) New budget authority,							
23	\$279,810,000,000.							
24	(B) Outlays, \$279,868,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$279,868,000,000.						
25	Fiscal year 2024:	Fiscal year 2024:						

1		(A)	New	budget	authority,			
2	\$28	\$288,676,000,000.						
3		(B) Outlays, \$276,026,000,000.						
4		Fiscal	year 2025:					
5		(A)	New	budget	authority,			
6	\$29	7,105,0	00,000.					
7		(B) O	utlays, \$299	9,907,000,00	0.			
8		Fiscal	year 2026:					
9		(A)	New	budget	authority,			
10	\$30	5,075,0	00,000.					
11		(B) O	utlays, \$307	7,739,000,00	0.			
12		Fiscal	year 2027:					
13		(A)	New	budget	authority,			
14	\$31	\$313,512,000,000.						
15		(B) O	utlays, \$310	3,417,000,00	0.			
16		Fiscal	year 2028:					
17		(A)	New	budget	authority,			
18	\$32	\$322,020,000,000.						
19		(B) O	utlays, \$330	3,852,000,00	0.			
20		Fiscal year 2029:						
21		(A)	New	budget	authority,			
22	\$33	\$331,220,000,000.						
23		(B) Outlays, \$315,456,000,000.						
24		Fiscal	year 2030:					

			-					
1	(4	A) [	New	budget	authority,			
2	\$340,4	\$340,439,000,000.						
3	(1	(B) Outlays, \$338,867,000,000.						
4	$\mathbf{F}$	iscal yea	r 2031:					
5	(4	A)	New	budget	authority,			
6	\$350,8	329,000,0	000.					
7	(1	3) Outla	ys, \$349,	032,000,000.				
8	(16) A	dministr	ation of a	Justice (750):				
9	F	iscal yea	r 2022:					
10	(4	A)	New	budget	authority,			
11	\$80,61	4,000,0	00.					
12	(1	(B) Outlays, \$78,094,000,000.						
13	F	iscal yea	r 2023:					
14	(4	A)	New	budget	authority,			
15	\$77,44	4,000,0	00.					
16	(1	3) Outla	ys, \$77,4	31,000,000.				
17	$\mathbf{F}$	iscal yea	r 2024:					
18	(4	A)	New	budget	authority,			
19	\$78,90	\$78,904,000,000.						
20	(1	3) Outla	ys, \$78,5	33,000,000.				
21	$\mathbf{F}$	Fiscal year 2025:						
22	(4	A)	New	budget	authority,			
23	\$79,62	\$79,626,000,000.						
24	(1	(B) Outlays, \$78,861,000,000.						
25	F	Fiscal year 2026:						

1	1 (A) New budge	et authority,					
2	2 \$81,223,000,000.	\$81,223,000,000.					
3	3 (B) Outlays, \$80,382,000	(B) Outlays, \$80,382,000,000.					
4	4 Fiscal year 2027:						
5	5 (A) New budge	et authority,					
6	<b>6</b> \$82,849,000,000.						
7	7 (B) Outlays, \$81,809,000	,000.					
8	8 Fiscal year 2028:						
9	9 (A) New budge	et authority,					
10	\$84,495,000,000.						
11	(B) Outlays, \$83,423,000	,000.					
12	Fiscal year 2029:						
13	(A) New budge	et authority,					
14	\$86,184,000,000.	\$86,184,000,000.					
15	(B) Outlays, \$85,004,000	,000.					
16	Fiscal year 2030:						
17	(A) New budge	et authority,					
18	\$87,881,000,000.						
19	(B) Outlays, \$86,642,000	(B) Outlays, \$86,642,000,000.					
20	EV Fiscal year 2031:						
21	21 (A) New budge	et authority,					
22	\$96,549,000,000.	\$96,549,000,000.					
23	(B) Outlays, \$94,529,000	,000.					
24	(17) General Government (800	(17) General Government (800):					
25	25 Fiscal year 2022:						

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,				
2	\$48,565,0	\$48,565,000,000.						
3	(B) (	(B) Outlays, \$111,629,000,000.						
4	Fisca	l year 2023	:					
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,				
6	\$29,912,0	00,000.						
7	(B) (	Outlays, \$33	,642,000,000					
8	Fisca	l year 2024	:					
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,				
10	\$30,382,0	00,000.						
11	(B) (	Outlays, \$32	,557,000,000					
12	Fisca	l year 2025	:					
13	(A)	New	budget	authority,				
14	\$30,935,0	\$30,935,000,000.						
15	(B) (	Outlays, \$33	,585,000,000					
16	Fisca	l year 2026	:					
17	(A)	New	budget	authority,				
18	\$31,538,0	00,000.						
19	(B) (	Outlays, \$33	,016,000,000					
20	Fisca	Fiscal year 2027:						
21	(A)	New	budget	authority,				
22	\$32,168,0	\$32,168,000,000.						
23	(B) (	(B) Outlays, \$33,540,000,000.						
24	Fisca	l year 2028	:					

1	1 (A) New budget av	uthority,						
2	\$32,798,000,000.	\$32,798,000,000.						
3	(B) Outlays, \$33,807,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$33,807,000,000.						
4	4 Fiscal year 2029:							
5	5 (A) New budget as	uthority,						
6	\$\$33,432,000,000.							
7	7 (B) Outlays, \$33,024,000,000.							
8	Fiscal year 2030:							
9	9 (A) New budget as	uthority,						
10	\$34,103,000,000.							
11	(B) Outlays, \$33,539,000,000.							
12	2 Fiscal year 2031:							
13	3 (A) New budget as	uthority,						
14	4 \$35,123,000,000.	\$35,123,000,000.						
15	5 (B) Outlays, \$34,544,000,000.							
16	5 (18) Net Interest (900):							
17	7 Fiscal year 2022:							
18	8 (A) New budget av	uthority,						
19	9 \$373,011,000,000.							
20	O (B) Outlays, \$373,011,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$373,011,000,000.						
21	1 Fiscal year 2023:	Fiscal year 2023:						
22	2 (A) New budget as	uthority,						
23	\$378,542,000,000.	378,542,000,000.						
24	(B) Outlays, \$378,542,000,000.	(B) Outlays, \$378,542,000,000.						
25	5 Fiscal year 2024:	Fiscal year 2024:						

1		$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,			
2	\$407	\$407,539,000,000.						
3		(B) Outlays, \$407,539,000,000.						
4		Fiscal y	ear 2025:					
5		(A)	New	budget	authority,			
6	\$464	,069,00	0,000.					
7		(B) Out	lays, \$464,	069,000,000.				
8		Fiscal y	ear 2026:					
9		$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,			
10	\$541	,134,00	0,000.					
11		(B) Out	lays, \$541,	134,000,000.				
12		Fiscal y	ear 2027:					
13		(A)	New	budget	authority,			
14	\$623	\$623,392,000,000.						
15		(B) Out	lays, \$623,	392,000,000.				
16		Fiscal y	ear 2028:					
17		(A)	New	budget	authority,			
18	\$719	\$719,805,000,000.						
19		(B) Out	lays, \$719,	805,000,000.				
20		Fiscal year 2029:						
21		$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,			
22	\$813	$\$813,\!280,\!000,\!000.$						
23		(B) Outlays, \$813,280,000,000.						
24		Fiscal year 2030:						

1	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
2	\$918,333,0	00,000.		
3	(B) Ou	utlays, \$91	8,333,000,00	0.
4	Fiscal	year 2031:		
5	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
6	\$1,025,810	,000,000.		
7	(B) Ou	utlays, \$1,0	025,810,000,0	000.
8	(19) Allowa	ances (920)	:	
9	Fiscal	year 2022:		
10	(A)	New	budget	authority,
11	\$11,507,00	0,000.		
12	(B) Ou	utlays, \$17	,129,000,000	
13	Fiscal	year 2023:		
14	(A)	New	budget	authority,
15	-\$14,188,	000,000.		
16	(B) Ou	utlays, -\$2	2,706,000,00	0.
17	Fiscal	year 2024:		
18	(A)	New	budget	authority,
19	-\$11,538,	000,000.		
20	(B) Ou	utlays, $-$ \$	6,811,000,00	0.
21	Fiscal	year 2025:		
22	(A)	New	budget	authority,
23	-\$9,499,0	00,000.		
24	(B) Ou	utlays, $-$ \$	7,389,000,00	0.
25	Fiscal	year 2026:		

1	(A) New budget authority,	
2	-\$8,979,000,000.	
3	(B) Outlays, -\$7,646,000,000.	
4	Fiscal year 2027:	
5	(A) New budget authority,	
6	$-\$7,\!240,\!000,\!000.$	
7	(B) Outlays, -\$6,478,000,000.	
8	Fiscal year 2028:	
9	(A) New budget authority,	
10	$-\$5,\!238,\!000,\!000.$	
11	(B) Outlays, -\$4,559,000,000.	
12	Fiscal year 2029:	
13	(A) New budget authority,	
14	$-\$5,\!126,\!000,\!000.$	
15	(B) Outlays, -\$3,651,000,000.	
16	Fiscal year 2030:	
17	(A) New budget authority,	
18	$-\$5,\!898,\!000,\!000.$	
19	(B) Outlays, -\$3,393,000,000.	
20	Fiscal year 2031:	
21	(A) New budget authority,	
22	\$2,530,000,000.	
23	(B) Outlays, \$1,034,000,000.	
24	(20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):	
25	Fiscal year 2022:	

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	$-\$183,\!888,\!000,\!000.$
3	(B) Outlays, -\$191,273,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2023:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	-\$116,355,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, -\$123,615,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2024:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	-\$109,511,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, -\$109,116,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2025:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	-\$111,761,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, -\$116,941,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2026:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	-\$115, 184, 000, 000.
19	(B) Outlays, -\$113,634,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2027:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	-\$118,981,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, -\$117,431,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2028:

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,
2	-\$122,	423,000,000.		
3	(B)	Outlays, $-\$$	120,603,000,	000.
4	Fise	eal year 2029	:	
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	-\$126,	990,000,000.		
7	(B)	Outlays, $-$ \$	125,170,000,	000.
8	Fise	eal year 2030	:	
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,
10	-\$131,	662,000,000.		
11	(B)	Outlays, $-$ \$	130,112,000,	000.
12	Fise	eal year 2031	:	
13	(A)	New	budget	authority,
14	-\$136,	520,000,000.		
15	(B)	Outlays, $-\$$	135,110,000,	000.
16	Subtitle B-	-Levels	and Amo	ounts in
17		the Ser	nate	
18	SEC. 1201. SOCIAL	SECURITY IN 7	THE SENATE.	
19	(a) Social S	ECURITY REV	VENUES.—For	r purposes of
20	Senate enforceme	nt under sec	tions 302 and	d 311 of the
21	Congressional Bu	dget Act of	1974 (2 U.S	S.C. 633 and
22	642), the amounts	of revenues of	of the Federal	Old-Age and
23	Survivors Insurar	ice Trust Fu	and and the	Federal Dis-
24	ability Insurance 7	Trust Fund an	e as follows:	
25	Fiscal year 20	022: \$989,019	9,000,000.	

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1	Fiscal year 2023: \$1,084,547,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2024: \$1,128,287,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2025: \$1,167,700,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2026: \$1,211,081,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2027: \$1,257,670,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2028: \$1,305,822,000,000.
7	Fiscal year 2029: \$1,354,109,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2030: \$1,401,701,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2031: \$1,451,146,000,000.
10	(b) Social Security Outlays.—For purposes of
11	Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the
12	Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633 and
13	642), the amounts of outlays of the Federal Old-Age and
14	Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Dis-
15	ability Insurance Trust Fund are as follows:
16	Fiscal year 2022: \$1,073,387,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2023: \$1,153,424,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2024: \$1,231,164,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2025: \$1,311,894,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2026: \$1,389,018,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2027: \$1,472,602,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2028: \$1,566,258,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2029: \$1,662,981,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2030: \$1,764,408,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2031: \$1,868,859,000,000.

1	(c) Social Security Administrative Ex-
2	PENSES.—In the Senate, the amounts of new budget au-
3	thority and budget outlays of the Federal Old-Age and
4	Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Dis-
5	ability Insurance Trust Fund for administrative expenses
6	are as follows:
7	Fiscal year 2022:
8	(A) New budget authority,
9	\$6,339,000,000.
10	(B) Outlays, \$6,311,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2023:
12	(A) New budget authority,
13	\$6,541,000,000.
14	(B) Outlays, \$6,490,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2024:
16	(A) New budget authority,
17	\$6,757,000,000.
18	(B) Outlays, \$6,700,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2025:
20	(A) New budget authority,
21	\$6,969,000,000.
22	(B) Outlays, \$6,912,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2026:
24	(A) New budget authority,
25	7,185,000,000.

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1	(B) O	utlays, \$7,1	28,000,000.	
2	Fiscal year	2027:		
3	(A)	New	budget	authority,
4	\$7,405,000	,000.		
5	(B) O	utlays, \$7,3	347,000,000.	
6	Fiscal year	2028:		
7	(A)	New	budget	authority,
8	\$7,631,000	,000.		
9	(B) O	utlays, \$7,5	571,000,000.	
10	Fiscal year	2029:		
11	(A)	New	budget	authority,
12	\$7,862,000	,000.		
13	(B) O	utlays, \$7,8	300,000,000.	
14	Fiscal year	2030:		
15	(A)	New	budget	authority,
16	\$8,098,000	,000.		
17	(B) O	utlays, \$8,0	)35,000,000.	
18	Fiscal year	2031:		
19	(A)	New	budget	authority,
20	\$8,343,000	,000.		
21	(B) O	utlays, \$8,2	278,000,000.	

1	SEC. 1202. POSTAL SERVICE DISCRETIONARY ADMINISTRA-
2	TIVE EXPENSES IN THE SENATE.
3	In the Senate, the amounts of new budget authority
4	and budget outlays of the Postal Service for discretionary
5	administrative expenses are as follows:
6	Fiscal year 2022:
7	(A) New budget authority, \$278,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$278,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2023:
10	(A) New budget authority, \$287,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$287,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2024:
13	(A) New budget authority, \$299,000,000.
14	(B) Outlays, \$298,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2025:
16	(A) New budget authority, \$310,000,000.
17	(B) Outlays, \$310,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2026:
19	(A) New budget authority, \$321,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$320,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2027:
22	(A) New budget authority, \$332,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$332,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2028:
25	(A) New budget authority, \$344,000,000.
26	(B) Outlays, \$343,000,000.

1	Fiscal year 2029:
2	(A) New budget authority, \$356,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$355,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2030:
5	(A) New budget authority, \$368,000,000.
6	(B) Outlays, \$367,000,000.
7	Fiscal year 2031:
8	(A) New budget authority, \$381,000,000.
9	(B) Outlays, \$380,000,000.
10	TITLE II—RECONCILIATION

11 SEC. 2001. RECONCILIATION IN THE SENATE.

(a) COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND
FORESTRY.—The Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition,
and Forestry of the Senate shall report changes in laws
within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more
than \$135,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022
through 2031.

(b) COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN
AFFAIRS.—The Committee on Banking, Housing, and
Urban Affairs of the Senate shall report changes in laws
within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more
than \$332,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022
through 2031.

24 (c) COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND25 TRANSPORTATION.—The Committee on Commerce,

Science, and Transportation of the Senate shall report
 changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the
 deficit by not more than \$83,076,000,000 for the period
 of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

5 (d) COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RE-6 SOURCES.—The Committee on Energy and Natural Re-7 sources of the Senate shall report changes in laws within 8 its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than 9 \$198,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 10 through 2031.

11 (e) COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT AND PUBLIC 12 WORKS.—The Committee on Environment and Public 13 Works of the Senate shall report changes in laws within 14 its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than 15 \$67,264,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 16 through 2031.

(f) COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.—The Committee on
Finance of the Senate shall report changes in laws within
its jurisdiction that reduce the deficit by not less than
\$1,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022
through 2031.

(g) COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, EDUCATION, LABOR,
AND PENSIONS.—The Committee on Health, Education,
Labor, and Pensions of the Senate shall report changes
in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by

not more than \$726,380,000,000 for the period of fiscal
 years 2022 through 2031.

3 (h) COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY AND GOV4 ERNMENTAL AFFAIRS.—The Committee on Homeland Se5 curity and Governmental Affairs of the Senate shall report
6 changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the
7 deficit by not more than \$37,000,000,000 for the period
8 of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

9 (i) COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS.—The Com-10 mittee on Indian Affairs of the Senate shall report 11 changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the 12 deficit by not more than \$20,500,000,000 for the period 13 of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(j) COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY.—The Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate shall report changes
in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by
not more than \$107,500,000,000 for the period of fiscal
years 2022 through 2031.

(k) COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS AND ENTRE20 PRENEURSHIP.—The Committee on Small Business and
21 Entrepreneurship of the Senate shall report changes in
22 laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not
23 more than \$25,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years
24 2022 through 2031.

(1) COMMITTEE ON VETERANS' AFFAIRS.—The Com mittee on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate shall report
 changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the
 deficit by not more than \$18,000,000,000 for the period
 of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

6 (m) SUBMISSIONS.—In the Senate, not later than 7 September 15, 2021, the Committees named in the sub-8 sections of this section shall submit their recommenda-9 tions to the Committee on the Budget of the Senate. Upon 10 receiving all such recommendations, the Committee on the 11 Budget of the Senate shall report to the Senate a rec-12 onciliation bill carrying out all such recommendations 13 without any substantive revision.

### 14 SEC. 2002. RECONCILIATION IN THE HOUSE OF REP-15RESENTATIVES.

(a) COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE.—The Committee
on Agriculture of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase
the deficit by not more than \$89,100,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(b) COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION AND LABOR.—The
Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than

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1 \$779,500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 20222 through 2031.

3 (c) COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COMMERCE.—The 4 Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of 5 Representatives shall report changes in laws within its ju-6 risdiction that increase the deficit by not more than 7 \$486,500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 8 through 2031.

9 (d) COMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL SERVICES.—The 10 Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-11 resentatives shall report changes in laws within its juris-12 diction that increase the deficit by not more than 13 \$339,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 14 through 2031.

(e) COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY.—The
Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than
\$500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 through
2031.

(f) COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY.—The Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives
shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that
increase the deficit by not more than \$107,500,000,000
for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

1 (g) COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES.—The 2 Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Rep-3 resentatives shall report changes in laws within its juris-4 diction that increase the deficit by not more than 5 \$25,600,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022 6 through 2031.

7 (h) COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND REFORM.—The
8 Committee on Oversight and Reform of the House of Rep9 resentatives shall report changes in laws within its juris10 diction that increase the deficit by not more than
11 \$7,500,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2022
12 through 2031.

(i) COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE, SPACE, AND TECH14 NOLOGY.—The Committee on Science, Space, and Tech15 nology of the House of Representatives shall report
16 changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the
17 deficit by not more than \$45,510,000,000 for the period
18 of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(j) COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS.—The Committee on Small Business of the House of Representatives
shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction that
increase the deficit by not more than \$17,500,000,000 for
the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

24 (k) COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRA-25 STRUCTURE.—The Committee on Transportation and In-

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frastructure of the House of Representatives shall report
 changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the
 deficit by not more than \$60,000,000,000 for the period
 of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

5 (1) COMMITTEE ON VETERANS' AFFAIRS.—The Committee on Veterans' Affairs of the House of Representa-6 7 tives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction 8 that increase the deficit by not more than 9 \$18,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 202210 through 2031.

(m) COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS.—The Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives shall report changes in laws within its jurisdiction
that reduce the deficit by not less than \$1,000,000,000
for the period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.

(n) SUBMISSIONS.—In the House of Representatives,
not later than September 15, 2021, the committees named
in the subsections of this section shall submit their recommendations to the Committee on the Budget of the
House of Representatives to carry out this section.

# TITLE III—RESERVE FUNDS sec. 3001. RESERVE FUND FOR LEGISLATION THAT WON'T RAISE TAXES ON PEOPLE MAKING LESS THAN \$400,000 IN THE SENATE.

5 The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of 6 the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or 7 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in 8 this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-9 go ledger, for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amend-10 ments, amendments between the Houses, motions, or con-11 ference reports relating to changes in revenues, without 12 raising taxes on people making less than \$400,000, by the amounts in such legislation for those purposes, provided 13 14 that such legislation would not increase the deficit for the 15 time period of fiscal year 2022 to fiscal year 2031.

#### 16 SEC. 3002. RESERVE FUND FOR RECONCILIATION LEGISLA-

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#### TION.

18 (a) SENATE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may revise the
allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this resolution,
and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger,
for any bill or joint resolution considered pursuant
to section 2001 containing the recommendations of

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1 one or more committees, or for one or more amend-2 ments to, a conference report on, or an amendment 3 between the Houses in relation to such a bill or joint 4 resolution, by the amounts necessary to accommo-5 date the budgetary effects of the legislation, if the 6 budgetary effects of the legislation comply with the 7 reconciliation instructions under this concurrent res-8 olution. 9 (2)DETERMINATION OF COMPLIANCE.—For 10 purposes of this subsection, compliance with the rec-11 onciliation instructions under this concurrent resolu-12 tion shall be determined by the Chairman of the 13 Committee on the Budget of the Senate. 14 (3) Exceptions for legislation.— 15 (A) SHORT-TERM.—Section 404 of S. Con. 16 Res. 13 (111th Congress), the concurrent reso-17 lution on the budget for fiscal year 2010, as 18 amended by section 3201(b)(2) of S. Con. Res. 19 11 (114th Congress), the concurrent resolution 20 on the budget for fiscal year 2016, shall not 21 apply to legislation for which the Chairman of 22 the Committee on the Budget of the Senate has 23 exercised the authority under paragraph (1). 24 (B) LONG-TERM.—Section 3101 of S. Con.

25 Res. 11 (114th Congress), the concurrent reso-

lution on the budget for fiscal year 2016, shall
 not apply to legislation for which the Chairman
 of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate
 has exercised the authority under paragraph
 (1).

6 (b) House of Representatives.—

7 (1) IN GENERAL.—In the House of the Rep-8 resentatives, the chair of the Committee on the 9 Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or 10 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels 11 in this concurrent resolution for any bill or joint res-12 olution considered pursuant to this concurrent reso-13 lution containing the recommendations of one or 14 more committees, or for one or more amendments 15 to, a conference report on, or an amendment be-16 tween the Houses in relation to such a bill or joint 17 resolution, by the amounts necessary to accommo-18 date the budgetary effects of the legislation.

19 (2) EXCEPTION FOR LEGISLATION.—The point
20 of order set forth in clause 10 of rule XXI of the
21 House of Representatives shall not apply to rec22 onciliation legislation reported by the Committee on
23 the Budget pursuant to submissions under this con24 current resolution.

#### 1 SEC. 3003. RESERVE FUND.

2 (a) SENATE.—The Chairman of the Committee on 3 the Budget of the Senate may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, aggregates, and other appro-4 5 priate levels in this resolution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go ledger, for one or more bills, joint reso-6 7 lutions, amendments, amendments between the Houses, 8 motions, or conference reports by the amounts provided 9 in such legislation, provided that such legislation would 10 not increase the deficit for the time period of fiscal year 11 2022 to fiscal year 2031.

12 (b) HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—The chair of the 13 Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives may revise the allocations of a committee or committees, 14 aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this concurrent 15 16 resolution for one or more bills, joint resolutions, amend-17 ments, or conference reports by the amounts provided in 18 such legislation, provided that such legislation would not increase the deficit for the following time periods: fiscal 19 20 year 2022 to fiscal year 2026 and fiscal year 2022 to fiscal year 2031. 21

#### 22 TITLE IV—OTHER MATTERS

23 SEC. 4001. EMERGENCY LEGISLATION.

24 (a) Senate.—

(1) AUTHORITY TO DESIGNATE.—In the Senate, with respect to a provision of direct spending or

1 receipts legislation or appropriations for discre-2 tionary accounts that Congress designates as an 3 requirement in such measure, emergency the amounts of new budget authority, outlays, and re-4 5 ceipts in all fiscal years resulting from that provision 6 shall be treated as an emergency requirement for the 7 purpose of this subsection.

8 (2) EXEMPTION OF EMERGENCY PROVISIONS. 9 Any new budget authority, outlays, and receipts re-10 sulting from any provision designated as an emer-11 gency requirement, pursuant to this subsection, in 12 any bill, joint resolution, amendment, amendment 13 between the Houses, or conference report shall not 14 count for purposes of sections 302 and 311 of the 15 Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633, 16 642), section 404(a) of S. Con. Res. 13 (111th Con-17 gress), the concurrent resolution on the budget for 18 fiscal year 2010, section 3101 of S. Con. Res. 11 19 (114th Congress), the concurrent resolution on the 20 budget for fiscal year 2016, and section 4106 of H. 21 Con. Res. 71 (115th Congress), the concurrent reso-22 lution on the budget for fiscal year 2018.

23 (3) DESIGNATIONS.—If a provision of legisla24 tion is designated as an emergency requirement
25 under this subsection, the committee report and any

statement of managers accompanying that legisla tion shall include an explanation of the manner in
 which the provision meets the criteria in paragraph
 (5).

5 DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection, the (4)terms "direct spending", "receipts", and "appropria-6 tions for discretionary accounts" mean any provision 7 8 of a bill, joint resolution, amendment, motion, 9 amendment between the Houses, or conference re-10 port that affects direct spending, receipts, or appro-11 priations as those terms have been defined and in-12 terpreted for purposes of the Balanced Budget and 13 Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 14 900 et seq.).

15 (5) CRITERIA.—

16 (A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of this
17 subsection, any provision is an emergency re18 quirement if the situation addressed by such
19 provision is—

- 20 (i) necessary, essential, or vital (not
  21 merely useful or beneficial);
- 22 (ii) sudden, quickly coming into being,23 and not building up over time;

24 (iii) an urgent, pressing, and compel-25 ling need requiring immediate action;

(iv) subject to subparagraph (B), un-
foreseen, unpredictable, and unanticipated;
and
(v) not permanent, temporary in na-
ture.
(B) UNFORESEEN.—An emergency that is
part of an aggregate level of anticipated emer-
gencies, particularly when normally estimated in
advance, is not unforeseen.
(6) REPEAL.—In the Senate, section 4112 of
H. Con. Res. 71 (115th Congress), the concurrent
resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2018, shall
no longer apply.
(b) House of Representatives.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—In the House of Representa-
tives, if a bill, joint resolution, amendment, or con-
ference report contains a provision providing new
budget authority and outlays or reducing revenue,
and a designation of such provision as emergency re-
quirement, the chair of the Committee on the Budg-
et of the House of Representatives shall not count
the budgetary effects of such provision for any pur-
pose in the House of Representatives.
(2) Proposal to strike.—A proposal to
strike a designation under paragraph (1) shall be ex-

1	cluded from an evaluation of budgetary effects for
2	any purpose in the House of Representatives.
3	(3) Amendment to reduce amounts.—An
4	amendment offered under paragraph (2) that also
5	proposes to reduce each amount appropriated or oth-
6	erwise made available by the pending measure that
7	is not required to be appropriated or otherwise made
8	available shall be in order at any point in the read-
9	ing of the pending measure.
10	(4) References.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—All references to sec-
12	tion 1(f) of H. Res. 467 (117th Congress) in
13	any bill or joint resolution, or an amendment
14	thereto or conference report thereon, shall be
15	treated for all purposes in the House of Rep-
16	resentatives as references to this subsection of
17	this concurrent resolution.
18	(B) BBEDCA.—All references to a des-
19	ignation by the Congress for an emergency re-
20	quirement pursuant to section 251(b) of the
21	Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Con-
22	trol Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)) for amounts
23	for fiscal year 2022 or succeeding fiscal years
24	in any legislation implementing a bipartisan in-
25	frastructure agreement shall be treated for all

purposes in the House of Representatives as
 references to this subsection of this concurrent
 resolution.

#### 4 SEC. 4002. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST ADVANCE APPRO-5 PRIATIONS IN THE SENATE.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—

7 (1) POINT OF ORDER.—Except as provided in
8 subsection (b), it shall not be in order in the Senate
9 to consider any bill, joint resolution, motion, amend10 ment, amendment between the Houses, or con11 ference report that would provide an advance appro12 priation for a discretionary account.

13 (2) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 14 "advance appropriation" means any new budget au-15 thority provided in a bill or joint resolution making 16 appropriations for fiscal year 2022 that first be-17 comes available for any fiscal year after 2022, or 18 any new budget authority provided in a bill or joint 19 resolution making appropriations for fiscal year 20 2023, that first becomes available for any fiscal year 21 after 2023.

(b) EXCEPTIONS.—Advance appropriations may beprovided—

(1) for fiscal years 2023 and 2024 for programs, projects, activities, or accounts identified in

1	the joint explanatory statement of managers accom-
2	panying this resolution under the heading "Accounts
3	Identified for Advance Appropriations" in an aggre-
4	gate amount not to exceed \$28,852,000,000 in new
5	budget authority in each fiscal year;
6	(2) for the Corporation for Public Broad-
7	casting;
8	(3) for the Department of Veterans Affairs for
9	the Medical Services, Medical Community Care,
10	Medical Support and Compliance, and Medical Fa-
11	cilities accounts of the Veterans Health Administra-
12	tion;
13	(4) for legislation implementing a bipartisan in-
14	frastructure agreement, as determined by the Chair-
15	man of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate;
16	and
17	(5) for the Department of Health and Human
18	Services for the Indian Health Services and Indian
19	Health Facilities accounts—
20	(A) in an amount that is not more than
21	the amount provided for fiscal year 2022 in a
22	bill or joint resolution making appropriations
23	for fiscal year 2022; and
24	(B) in an amount that is not more than

1	bill or joint resolution making appropriations
2	for fiscal year 2023.
3	(c) Supermajority Waiver and Appeal.—
4	(1) WAIVER.—In the Senate, subsection (a)
5	may be waived or suspended only by an affirmative
6	vote of three-fifths of the Members, duly chosen and
7	sworn.
8	(2) APPEAL.—An affirmative vote of three-
9	fifths of the Members of the Senate, duly chosen and
10	sworn, shall be required to sustain an appeal of the
11	ruling of the Chair on a point of order raised under
12	subsection (a).
13	(d) Form of Point of Order.—A point of order
14	under subsection (a) may be raised by a Senator as pro-
15	vided in section 313(e) of the Congressional Budget Act
16	of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 644(e)).
17	(e) Conference Reports.—When the Senate is
18	considering a conference report on, or an amendment be-
19	tween the Houses in relation to, a bill or joint resolution,
20	upon a point of order being made by any Senator pursuant
21	to this section, and such point of order being sustained,
22	such material contained in such conference report or
23	House amendment shall be stricken, and the Senate shall

25 shall recede from its amendment and concur with a fur-

24 proceed to consider the question of whether the Senate

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ther amendment, or concur in the House amendment with 1 2 a further amendment, as the case may be, which further 3 amendment shall consist of only that portion of the conference report or House amendment, as the case may be, 4 5 not so stricken. Any such motion in the Senate shall be 6 debatable. In any case in which such point of order is sus-7 tained against a conference report (or Senate amendment 8 derived from such conference report by operation of this 9 subsection), no further amendment shall be in order.

# 10SEC. 4003. POINT OF ORDER AGAINST ADVANCE APPRO-11PRIATIONS IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTA-12TIVES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In the House of Representatives,
except as provided in subsection (b), any general appropriation bill or bill or joint resolution continuing appropriations, or an amendment thereto or conference report
thereon, may not provide an advance appropriation.

(b) EXCEPTIONS.—An advance appropriation may be
provided for programs, activities, or accounts identified in
lists submitted for printing in the Congressional Record
by the chair of the Committee on the Budget—

(1) for fiscal year 2023, under the heading "Accounts Identified for Advance Appropriations" in an
aggregate amount not to exceed \$28,852,000,000 in
new budget authority, and for fiscal year 2024, ac-

counts separately identified under the same heading;
 and

3 (2) for fiscal year 2023, under the heading
4 "Veterans Accounts Identified for Advance Appro5 priations".

6 (c) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "advance 7 appropriation" means any new discretionary budget au-8 thority provided in a general appropriation bill or bill or 9 joint resolution continuing appropriations for fiscal year 10 2022, or an amendment thereto or conference report 11 thereon, that first becomes available following fiscal year 12 2022.

## 13 SEC. 4004. PROGRAM INTEGRITY INITIATIVES AND OTHER 14 ADJUSTMENTS IN THE SENATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, after the reporting
of a bill or joint resolution relating to any matter described
in subsection (b) or the adoption of a motion to proceed
to, the offering of an amendment to, the laying before the
Senate of an amendment between the Houses to, or the
submission of a conference report on such a bill or joint
resolution—

(1) the Chairman of the Committee on the
Budget of the Senate may adjust the budgetary aggregates and allocations pursuant to section 302(a)
of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.

1 633(a)) by the amount of new budget authority in 2 that measure for that purpose and the outlays flow-3 ing therefrom; and 4 (2) following any adjustment under paragraph 5 (1), the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate 6 may report appropriately revised suballocations pur-7 suant to section 302(b) of the Congressional Budget 8 Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633(b)) to carry out this sec-9 tion. 10 (b) MATTERS DESCRIBED.—Matters referred to in 11 subsection (a) are as follows: 12 (1) CONTINUING DISABILITY REVIEWS AND RE-13 DETERMINATIONS.— 14 (A) IN GENERAL.—If a bill, joint resolu-15 tion, amendment, amendment between the 16 Houses, or conference report making discre-17 tionary appropriations for fiscal year 2022 18 specifies an amount for continuing disability re-19 views under titles II and XVI of the Social Se-20 curity Act (42 U.S.C. 401 et seq., 1381 et 21 seq.), for the cost associated with conducting 22 redeterminations of eligibility under title XVI of 23 the Social Security Act, for the cost of co-oper-24 ative disability investigation units, and for the 25 cost associated with the prosecution of fraud in

1	the programs and operations of the Social Secu-
2	rity Administration by Special Assistant United
3	States Attorneys, then the adjustment shall be
4	the additional new budget authority specified in
5	such measure for such costs for fiscal year
6	2022, but shall not exceed \$1,435,000,000.
7	(B) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this para-
8	graph—
9	(i) the term "additional new budget
10	authority" means the amount provided for
11	fiscal year 2022, in excess of
12	\$273,000,000, in a bill, joint resolution,
13	amendment, amendment between the
14	Houses, or conference report making dis-
15	cretionary appropriations and specified to
16	pay for the costs of continuing disability
17	reviews, redeterminations, cooperative dis-
18	ability investigation units, and the prosecu-
19	tion of fraud in the programs and oper-
20	ations of the Social Security Administra-
21	tion by Special Assistant United States At-
22	torneys under the heading "Limitation on
23	Administrative Expenses" for the Social
24	Security Administration;

1	(ii) the term "continuing disability re-
2	views" means continuing disability reviews
3	under sections $221(i)$ and $1614(a)(4)$ of
4	the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 421(i),
5	1382c(a)(4), including work-related con-
6	tinuing disability reviews to determine
7	whether earnings derived from services
8	demonstrate an individual's ability to en-
9	gage in substantial gainful activity; and
10	(iii) the term "redetermination"
11	means redetermination of eligibility under
12	sections $1611(c)(1)$ and $1614(a)(3)(H)$ of
13	the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
14	1382(c)(1), 1382c(a)(3)(H)).
15	(2) INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE ENFORCE-
16	MENT.—
17	(A) IN GENERAL.—If a bill, joint resolu-
18	tion, amendment, amendment between the
19	Houses, or conference report making discre-
20	tionary appropriations for fiscal year 2022
21	specifies an amount for tax enforcement activi-
22	ties, including tax compliance to address the
23	Federal tax gap (including an amount for Inter-
24	nal Revenue Service Enforcement (account
25	020–0913), for Internal Revenue Service Oper-

1 ations Support (account 020–0919), for Inter-2 nal Revenue Service Business Systems Mod-3 ernization (account 020–0921), or for Internal 4 Revenue Service Taxpayer Services (account 5 (020-0912)), then the adjustment shall be the 6 additional new budget authority specified in 7 such measure for fiscal year 2022, but shall not 8 exceed \$417,000,000.

9 (B) DEFINITION.—In this paragraph, the 10 term "additional new budget authority" means 11 the amount provided for fiscal year 2022, in ex-12 cess of \$11,919,000,000, in a bill, joint resolu-13 amendment, amendment between the tion. 14 Houses, or conference report making discre-15 tionary appropriations and specified to pay for 16 tax enforcement activities, including tax compli-17 ance to address the Federal tax gap, for Inter-18 Revenue Service Enforcement (account nal 19 020–0913), Internal Revenue Service Oper-20 ations Support (account 020–0919), Internal 21 Revenue Service Business Systems Modernization (account 020-0921), or Internal Revenue 22 23 Service Taxpayer Services (account 020–0912). 24 (3) HEALTH CARE FRAUD AND ABUSE CON-25 TROL.

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1	(A) IN GENERAL.—If a bill, joint resolu-
2	tion, amendment, amendment between the
3	Houses, or conference report making discre-
4	tionary appropriations for fiscal year 2022
5	specifies an amount for the health care fraud
6	abuse control program at the Department of
7	Health and Human Services (75–8393–0–7–
8	571), then the adjustment shall be the addi-
9	tional new budget authority specified in such
10	measure for such program for fiscal year 2022,
11	but shall not exceed \$556,000,000.
12	(B) DEFINITION.—As used in this para-
13	graph, the term "additional new budget author-
14	ity" means the amount provided for fiscal year
15	2022, in excess of \$317,000,000, in a bill, joint
16	resolution, amendment, amendment between the
17	Houses, or conference report making discre-
18	tionary appropriations and specified to pay for
19	the health care fraud abuse control program at
20	the Department of Health and Human Services
21	(75 - 8393 - 0 - 7 - 571).
22	(4) REEMPLOYMENT SERVICES AND ELIGI-
23	BILITY ASSESSMENTS.—
24	(A) IN GENERAL.—If a bill, joint resolu-

25 tion, amendment, amendment between the

1 Houses, or conference report making discre-2 tionary appropriations for fiscal year 2022 3 specifies an amount for grants to States under 4 section 306 of the Social Security Act (42) 5 U.S.C. 506) for claimants of regular compensa-6 tion, as defined in such section, including those 7 who are profiled as most likely to exhaust their 8 benefits, then the adjustment shall be the addi-9 tional new budget authority specified in such 10 measure for such grants for fiscal year 2022, 11 but shall not exceed \$133,000,000. 12 (B) DEFINITION.—As used in this para-

13 graph, the term "additional new budget author-14 ity" means the amount provided for fiscal year 15 2022, in excess of \$117,000,000, in a bill, joint 16 resolution, amendment, amendment between the 17 Houses, or conference report making discre-18 tionary appropriations and specified to pay for 19 grants to States under section 306 of the Social 20 Security Act (42 U.S.C. 506) for claimants of 21 regular compensation, as defined in such sec-22 tion, including those who are profiled as most 23 likely to exhaust their benefits.

24 (5) WILDFIRE SUPPRESSION.—

1	(A) ADDITIONAL NEW BUDGET AUTHOR-
2	ITY.—If, for any of fiscal years 2022 through
3	2027, a bill, joint resolution, amendment,
4	amendment between the Houses, or conference
5	report making discretionary appropriations for
6	such a fiscal year provides an amount for wild-
7	fire suppression operations in the Wildland Fire
8	Management accounts at the Department of
9	Agriculture or the Department of the Interior,
10	then the adjustments for that fiscal year shall
11	be the amount of additional new budget author-
12	ity provided in that measure for wildfire sup-
13	pression operations for that fiscal year, but
14	shall not exceed the amount for that fiscal year
15	specified in section $251(b)(2)(F)(i)$ of the Bal-
16	anced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control
17	Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(F)(i)).
18	(B) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this para-
19	graph, the terms "additional new budget au-
20	thority" and "wildfire suppression operations"
21	have the meanings given those terms in section
22	251(b)(2)(F)(ii) of the Balanced Budget and
23	Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2
24	U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(F)(ii)).

25 (6) DISASTER RELIEF.—

1 (A) ADDITIONAL NEW BUDGET AUTHOR-2 ITY.—If a bill, joint resolution, amendment, 3 amendment between the Houses, or conference 4 report making discretionary appropriations for 5 fiscal year 2022 provides an amount for dis-6 aster relief, the adjustment for fiscal year 2022 7 shall be the total of such appropriations for fis-8 cal year 2022 designated as being for disaster 9 relief, but not to exceed the amount equal to 10 the total amount calculated for fiscal year 2022 11 in accordance with the formula in section 12 251(b)(2)(D)(i) of the Balanced Budget and 13 Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2) 14 U.S.C. 901(b)(2)(D)(i), except that such for-15 mula shall be applied by substituting "fiscal years 2012 through 2022" for "fiscal years 16 17 2012 through 2021". 18 (B) DEFINITION.—As used in this paragraph, the term "disaster relief" means activi-19 20 ties carried out pursuant to a determination 21 under section 102(2) of the Robert T. Stafford 22 Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act 23 (42 U.S.C. 5122(2)).

24 (7) VETERANS MEDICAL CARE.—

1 (A) IN GENERAL.—If a bill, joint resolu-2 amendment, amendment between the tion. 3 Houses, or conference report making discre-4 tionary appropriations for fiscal year 2022 5 specifies an amount for veterans medical care 6 (in the Medical Services, Medical Community 7 Care, Medical Support and Compliance, and 8 Medical Facilities accounts of the Veterans 9 Health Administration), then the adjustment 10 shall be the additional new budget authority 11 specified in such measure for such medical care 12 for fiscal year 2022, but shall not exceed 13 \$7,602,000,000.

14 (B) DEFINITION.—As used in this para-15 graph, the term "additional new budget authority" means the amount provided for fiscal year 16 17 2022, in excess of \$89,849,000,000, in a bill, 18 joint resolution, amendment, amendment be-19 tween the Houses, or conference report making 20 discretionary appropriations and specified to 21 pay for veterans medical care.

(c) APPLICATION OF ADJUSTMENTS.—The adjustments made pursuant to subsection (a) for legislation
shall—

1 (1) apply while that legislation is under consid-2 eration; 3 (2) take effect upon the enactment of that leg-4 islation; and 5 (3) be published in the Congressional Record as 6 soon as practicable. 7 SEC. 4005. PROGRAM INTEGRITY INITIATIVES AND OTHER 8 ADJUSTMENTS IN THE HOUSE OF REP-9 **RESENTATIVES.** 10 (a) Adjustment for Continuing Disability Re-11 VIEWS AND REDETERMINATIONS.—In the House of Rep-12 resentatives, the chair of the Committee on the Budget 13 may adjust the allocations, aggregates, and other budg-14 etary levels included in this concurrent resolution to reflect 15 changes as follows: 16 (1) IN GENERAL.—If a bill, joint resolution, 17 amendment, or conference report making discre-18 tionary appropriations for fiscal year 2022 specifies 19 an amount for continuing disability reviews under ti-20 tles II and XVI of the Social Security Act (42) 21 U.S.C. 401 et seq., 1381 et seq.), for the cost associ-22 ated with conducting redeterminations of eligibility 23 under title XVI of the Social Security Act, for the 24 cost of co-operative disability investigation units, and 25 for the cost associated with the prosecution of fraud

in the programs and operations of the Social Security Administration by Special Assistant United
States Attorneys, then the adjustment shall be the
additional new budget authority specified in such
measure for such purpose, but shall not exceed
\$1,435,000,000.

7 (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this sub-8 section—

9 (A) the term "additional new budget au-10 thority" means the amount provided for fiscal 11 year 2022, in excess of \$273,000,000, in a bill, 12 joint resolution, amendment, or conference re-13 port and specified to pay for the costs of con-14 tinuing disability reviews, redeterminations, co-15 operative disability investigation units, and 16 fraud prosecutions under the heading "Limita-17 tion on Administrative Expenses" for the Social 18 Security Administration;

19 (B) the term "continuing disability re-20 views" means continuing disability reviews 21 under sections 221(i) and 1614(a)(4) of the So-22 cial Security Act (42)U.S.C. 421(i), 23 1382c(a)(4), including work related continuing 24 disability reviews to determine whether earnings 25 derived from services demonstrate an individ-

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ual's ability to engage in substantial gainful ac-
tivity; and
(C) the term "redetermination" means re-
determination of eligibility under sections
1611(c)(1) and $1614(a)(3)(H)$ of the Social Se-
curity Act (42 U.S.C. 1382(c)(1),
1382c(a)(3)(H)).
(3) References.—All references to section
1(k) of H. Res. 467 (117th Congress) in any bill or
joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference
report thereon shall be treated for all purposes in
the House of Representatives as references to this
subsection of this concurrent resolution.
(b) Adjustment for Internal Revenue Service
TAX ENFORCEMENT.—In the House of Representatives,
the chair of the Committee on the Budget may adjust the
allocations, aggregates, and other budgetary levels in-
cluded in this concurrent resolution to reflect changes as
follows:
(1) IN GENERAL.—If a bill, joint resolution,
amendment, or conference report making discre-
tionary appropriations for fiscal year 2022 specifies
an amount for tax enforcement activities, including
tax compliance to address the Federal tax gap, in
the Enforcement account and the Operations Sup-

port account of the Internal Revenue Service of the
 Department of the Treasury, then the adjustment
 shall be the additional new budget authority pro vided in such measure for such purpose, but shall
 not exceed \$417,000,000.

6 (2) DEFINITION.—As used in this subsection, 7 the term "additional new budget authority" means 8 the amount provided for fiscal year 2022, in excess 9 of \$9,141,000,000, in a bill, joint resolution, amend-10 ment, or conference report and specified for tax en-11 forcement activities, including tax compliance to ad-12 dress the Federal tax gap, of the Internal Revenue Service. 13

14 (3) REFERENCES.—All references to section
15 1(i) of H. Res. 467 (117th Congress) in any bill or
16 joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference
17 report thereon shall be treated for all purposes in
18 the House of Representatives as references to this
19 subsection of this concurrent resolution.

(c) ADJUSTMENT FOR HEALTH CARE FRAUD AND
ABUSE CONTROL.—In the House of Representatives, the
chair of the Committee on the Budget may adjust the allocations, aggregates, and other budgetary levels included
in this concurrent resolution to reflect changes as follows:

(1) IN GENERAL.-If a bill, joint resolution, 1 2 amendment, or conference report making discre-3 tionary appropriations for fiscal year 2022 specifies 4 an amount for the health care fraud abuse control 5 program at the Department of Health and Human Services (75-8393-0-7-571), then the adjustment 6 7 shall be the additional new budget authority speci-8 fied in such measure for such purpose for fiscal year 9 2022, but shall not exceed \$556,000,000.

10 (2) DEFINITION.—As used in this subsection 11 the term "additional new budget authority" means 12 the amount provided fiscal year 2022, in excess of 13 \$317,000,000, in a bill, joint resolution, amendment, 14 or conference report and specified to pay for the 15 costs of the health care fraud and abuse control pro-16 gram.

17 (3) REFERENCES.—All references to section
18 1(j) of H. Res. 467 (117th Congress) in any bill or
19 joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference
20 report thereon shall be treated for all purposes in
21 the House of Representatives as references to this
22 subsection of this concurrent resolution.

23 (d) REEMPLOYMENT SERVICES AND ELIGIBILITY AS24 SESSMENTS.—In the House of Representatives, the chair
25 of the Committee on the Budget may adjust the alloca-

tions, aggregates, and other budgetary levels included in
 this concurrent resolution to reflect changes as follows:

3 (1) IN GENERAL.—If a bill, joint resolution, 4 amendment, or conference report making discre-5 tionary appropriations for fiscal year 2022 specifies 6 an amount for grants to States under section 306 of 7 the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 506) for claim-8 ants of regular compensation, as defined in such sec-9 tion, including those who are profiled as most likely 10 to exhaust their benefits, then the adjustment shall 11 be the additional new budget authority specified in 12 such measure for such grants for fiscal year 2022, 13 but shall not exceed \$133,000,000.

14 (2) DEFINITION.—As used in this subsection, 15 the term "additional new budget authority" means 16 the amount provided for fiscal year 2022, in excess 17 of \$117,000,000, in a bill, joint resolution, amend-18 ment, or conference report making discretionary ap-19 propriations and specified to pay for grants to 20 States under section 306 of the Social Security Act 21 (42 U.S.C. 506) for claimants of regular compensa-22 tion, as defined in such section, including those who 23 are profiled as most likely to exhaust their benefits. 24 (e) Adjustment for Wildfire Suppression.—In 25 the House of Representatives, the chair of the Committee

on the Budget may adjust the allocations, aggregates, and
 other budgetary levels in this concurrent resolution to re flect changes as follows:

4 (1) IN GENERAL.—If a bill, joint resolution, 5 amendment, or conference report making discre-6 tionary appropriations for fiscal year 2022 specifies 7 an amount for wildfire suppression operations in the 8 Wildland Fire Management accounts at the Depart-9 ment of Agriculture or the Department of the Inte-10 rior, then the adjustment shall be the amount of ad-11 ditional new budget authority specified in such 12 measure as being for wildfire suppression operations 13 2022.but shall for fiscal year not exceed 14 \$2,450,000,000.

15 (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this sub16 section—

17 (A) the term "additional new budget au-18 thority" means the amount provided for a fiscal 19 year in an appropriation Act that is in excess 20 of the average costs for wildfire suppression op-21 erations as reported in the budget of the Presi-22 dent submitted under section 1105(a) of title 23 31, United States Code, for fiscal year 2015 24 and are specified to pay for the costs of wildfire 25 suppression operations; and

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1	(B) the term "wildfire suppression oper-
2	ations" means the emergency and unpredictable
3	aspects of wildland firefighting, including—
4	(i) support, response, and emergency
5	stabilization activities;
6	(ii) other emergency management ac-
7	tivities; and
8	(iii) the funds necessary to repay any
9	transfers needed for the costs of wildfire
10	suppression operations.
11	(3) References.—All references to section
12	1(h) of H. Res. 467 (117th Congress) in any bill or
13	joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference
14	report thereon shall be treated for all purposes in
15	the House of Representatives as references to this
16	subsection of this concurrent resolution.
17	(f) Adjustment for Disaster Relief.—In the
18	House of Representatives, the chair of the Committee on
19	the Budget may adjust the allocations, aggregates, and
20	other budgetary levels included in this concurrent resolu-
21	tion to reflect changes as follows:
22	(1) IN GENERAL.—If a bill, joint resolution,
23	amendment, or conference report making discre-
24	tionary appropriations specifies an amount that Con-
25	gress designates as being for disaster relief, the ad-

justment for fiscal year 2022 shall be the total of
 such appropriations for fiscal year 2022 designated
 as being for disaster relief, but not to exceed the
 total of—

5 (A) the average over the previous 10 fiscal 6 years (excluding the highest and lowest fiscal 7 years) of the sum of the funding provided for 8 disaster relief (as that term is defined on the 9 date immediately before March 23, 2018);

10 (B) 5 percent of the total appropriations 11 provided in the previous 10 fiscal years, net of 12 any rescissions of budget authority enacted in 13 the same period, with respect to amounts pro-14 vided for major disasters declared pursuant to 15 the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and 16 Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et 17 seq.) and designated by the Congress as an 18 emergency; and

(C) the cumulative net total of the unused
carryover for fiscal year 2018 and all subsequent
quent fiscal years, where the unused carryover
for each fiscal year is calculated as the sum of
the amounts in subparagraphs (A) and (B) less
the enacted appropriations for that fiscal year

1	that have been designated as being for disaster
2	relief.

3 (2) DEFINITION.—As used in this subsection,
4 the term "disaster relief" means activities carried
5 out pursuant to a determination under section
6 102(2) of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and
7 Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5122(2)).

8 (3) REFERENCES.—All references to section 9 1(g) of H. Res. 467 (117th Congress) in any bill or 10 joint resolution, or amendment thereto or conference 11 report thereon shall be treated for all purposes in 12 the House of Representatives as references to this 13 subsection of this concurrent resolution.

(g) VETERANS MEDICAL CARE.—In the House of
Representatives, the chair of the Committee on the Budget
may adjust the allocations, aggregates, and other budgetary levels included in this concurrent resolution to reflect
changes as follows:

(1) IN GENERAL.—If a bill, joint resolution,
amendment, or conference report making discretionary appropriations for fiscal year 2022 specifies
an amount for veterans medical care (in the Medical
Services, Medical Community Care, Medical Support
and Compliance, and Medical Facilities accounts of
the Veterans Health Administration), then the ad-

justment shall be the additional new budget author ity specified in such measure for such medical care
 for fiscal year 2022, but shall not exceed
 \$7,602,000,000.

5 (2) DEFINITION.—As used in this subsection, 6 the term "additional new budget authority" means 7 the amount provided for fiscal year 2022, in excess 8 of \$89,849,000,000, in a bill, joint resolution, 9 amendment, or conference report making discre-10 tionary appropriations and specified to pay for vet-11 erans medical care.

#### 12 SEC. 4006. ENFORCEMENT FILING.

(a) SENATE.—In the Senate, if this concurrent reso14 lution on the budget is agreed to by the Senate and House
15 of Representatives without the appointment of a com16 mittee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two
17 Houses, the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget
18 of the Senate may submit a statement for publication in
19 the Congressional Record containing—

(1) for the Committee on Appropriations, committee allocations for fiscal year 2022 consistent
with the levels in title I for the purpose of enforcing
section 302 of the Congressional Budget Act of
1974 (2 U.S.C. 633); and

(2) for all committees other than the Com mittee on Appropriations, committee allocations for
 fiscal years 2022, 2022 through 2026, and 2022
 through 2031 consistent with the levels in title I for
 the purpose of enforcing section 302 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633).

7 (b) HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—In the House of 8 Representatives, if a concurrent resolution on the budget 9 for fiscal year 2022 is adopted without the appointment 10 of a committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of 11 the two Houses with respect to this concurrent resolution 12 on the budget, for the purpose of enforcing the Congres-13 sional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 621 et seq.) and ap-14 plicable rules and requirements set forth in the concurrent 15 resolution on the budget, the allocations provided for in 16 this subsection shall apply in the House of Representatives 17 in the same manner as if such allocations were in a joint 18 explanatory statement accompanying a conference report 19 on the budget for fiscal year 2022. The chair of the Com-20 mittee on the Budget of the House of Representatives 21 shall submit a statement for publication in the Congres-22 sional Record containing—

(1) for the Committee on Appropriations, committee allocations for fiscal year 2022 consistent
with title I for the purpose of enforcing section 302

1	of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.
2	633); and
3	(2) for all committees other than the Com-
4	mittee on Appropriations, committee allocations con-
5	sistent with title I for fiscal year 2022 and for the
6	period of fiscal years 2022 through 2031 for the
7	purpose of enforcing 302 of the Congressional Budg-
8	et Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633).
9	SEC. 4007. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN AL-
10	LOCATIONS, AGGREGATES, AND OTHER
11	BUDGETARY LEVELS.
12	(a) APPLICATION.—Any adjustments of allocations,
13	aggregates, and other budgetary levels made pursuant to
14	this concurrent resolution shall—
15	(1) apply while that measure is under consider-
16	ation;
17	(2) take effect upon the enactment of that
18	measure; and
19	(3) be published in the Congressional Record as
20	soon as practicable.
21	(b) EFFECT OF CHANGED ALLOCATIONS, AGGRE-
22	GATES, AND OTHER BUDGETARY LEVELS.—Revised allo-
23	cations, aggregates, and other budgetary levels resulting
24	from these adjustments shall be considered for the pur-
25	poses of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.

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621 et seq.) as the allocations, aggregates, and other 1 2 budgetary levels contained in this concurrent resolution. 3 (c) BUDGET COMMITTEE DETERMINATIONS.—For 4 purposes of this concurrent resolution, the levels of new 5 budget authority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement authority, revenues, deficits, and surpluses for a fis-6 7 cal year or period of fiscal years shall be determined on 8 the basis of estimates made by the chair of the Committee 9 on the Budget of the applicable House of Congress.

# 10SEC. 4008. ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT CHANGES IN CON-11CEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.

(a) SENATE.—In the Senate, upon the enactment of
a bill or joint resolution providing for a change in concepts
or definitions, the Chairman of the Committee on the
Budget of the Senate may make adjustments to the levels
and allocations in this resolution in accordance with section 251(b) of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)).

(b) HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—In the House of
Representatives, upon the enactment of a bill or joint resolution providing for a change in concepts or definitions,
the chair of the Committee on the Budget of the House
of Representatives may adjust the allocations, aggregates,
and other budgetary levels in this concurrent resolution
accordingly.

## 1SEC. 4009. ADJUSTMENT FOR BIPARTISAN INFRASTRUC-2TURE LEGISLATION IN THE SENATE.

(a) ADJUSTMENTS.—In the Senate, upon the enactment of an infrastructure bill or joint resolution, including
legislation implementing a bipartisan infrastructure agreement, the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of
the Senate may make adjustments to the levels and allocations in this resolution to reflect changes resulting from
the enactment of such bill or joint resolution.

(b) DETERMINATIONS.—For purposes of this section,
the levels of budget authority and outlays shall be determined on the basis of estimates submitted by the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate.

#### 14 SEC. 4010. ADJUSTMENT FOR INFRASTRUCTURE LEGISLA-

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#### TION IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

16 In the House of Representatives, the chair of the 17 Committee on the Budget may adjust the allocations, ag-18 gregates, and other budgetary levels included in this con-19 current resolution to reflect changes resulting from the en-20 actment of an infrastructure bill or joint resolution, in-21 cluding legislation implementing the INVEST in America 22 Act or a bipartisan infrastructure agreement.

## 23 SEC. 4011. APPLICABILITY OF ADJUSTMENTS TO DISCRE-

24 TIONARY SPENDING LIMITS.

25 Except as expressly provided otherwise, the adjust26 ments provided by section 251(b) of the Balanced Budget

and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C.
 901(b)) shall not apply to allocations, aggregates, or other
 budgetary levels established pursuant to this concurrent
 resolution.

### 5 SEC. 4012. BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE 6 EXPENSES.

7 (a) Senate.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, notwith-9 standing section 302(a)(1) of the Congressional 10 Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633(a)(1)), section 11 13301 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990 (2) 12 U.S.C. 632 note), and section 2009a of title 39, 13 United States Code, the report or the joint explana-14 tory statement accompanying this concurrent resolu-15 tion on the budget or the statement filed pursuant 16 to section 4006(a), as applicable, shall include in an 17 allocation under section 302(a) of the Congressional 18 Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633(a)) to the Com-19 mittee on Appropriations of the Senate of amounts 20 for the discretionary administrative expenses of the 21 Social Security Administration and the United 22 States Postal Service.

23 (2) SPECIAL RULE.—In the Senate, for pur24 poses of enforcing section 302(f) of the Congres25 sional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633(f)), esti-

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mates of the level of total new budget authority and
 total outlays provided by a measure shall include any
 discretionary amounts described in paragraph (1).

(b) House of Representatives.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—In the House of Representa-6 tives, notwithstanding section 302(a)(1) of the Con-7 gressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633(a)(1)), 8 section 13301 of the Budget Enforcement Act of 9 1990 (2 U.S.C. 632 note), and section 2009a of title 10 39, United States Code, the report or the joint ex-11 planatory statement accompanying this concurrent 12 resolution on the budget or the statement filed pur-13 suant to section 4006(b), as applicable, shall include 14 in an allocation under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633(a)) to the 15 Committee on Appropriations of the House of Rep-16 17 resentatives of amounts for the discretionary admin-18 istrative expenses of the Social Security Administra-19 tion and the United States Postal Service.

20 (2) SPECIAL RULE.—In the House of Rep21 resentatives, for purposes of enforcing section 302(f)
22 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.
23 633(f)), estimates of the level of total new budget
24 authority and total outlays provided by a measure

shall include any discretionary amounts described in
 paragraph (1).

### 3 SEC. 4013. APPROPRIATE BUDGETARY ADJUSTMENTS IN 4 THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

5 In the House of Representatives, the chair of the 6 Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives 7 may make appropriate budgetary adjustments of new 8 budget authority and the outlays flowing therefrom pursu-9 ant to the adjustment authorities provided by this concur-10 rent resolution.

# 11 SEC. 4014. ADJUSTMENT FOR CHANGES IN THE BASELINE 12 IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

13 In the House of Representatives, the chair of the 14 Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives 15 may adjust the allocations, aggregates, and other appro-16 priate budgetary levels in this concurrent resolution to re-17 flect changes resulting from the Congressional Budget Of-18 fice's updates to its baseline for fiscal years 2022 through 19 2031.

20SEC. 4015. SCORING RULE IN THE SENATE FOR CHILD21CARE AND PRE-KINDERGARTEN LEGISLA-22TION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, for the purposes
of estimates with respect to any child care or pre-kindergarten legislation during the 117th Congress, the Congres-

sional Budget Office shall consider funding for programs
 under the Head Start Act (42 U.S.C. 9831 et seq.) to
 continue at baseline levels.

4 (b) EXCEPTION.—This section shall not apply to any
5 bill or joint resolution making appropriations for discre6 tionary accounts.

### 7 SEC. 4016. EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWERS.

8 Congress adopts the provisions of this title—

9 (1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of 10 the Senate and the House of Representatives, and as 11 such they shall be considered as part of the rules of 12 each House or of that House to which they specifi-13 cally apply, and such rules shall supersede other 14 rules only to the extent that they are inconsistent 15 with such other rules; and

16 (2) with full recognition of the constitutional 17 right of either the Senate or the House of Rep-18 resentatives to change those rules (insofar as they 19 relate to that House) at any time, in the same man-20 ner, and to the same extent as is the case of any 21 other rule of the Senate or House of Representa-22 tives.