### 117TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. CON. RES.

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2021 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2022 through 2030.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. SANDERS submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

## **CONCURRENT RESOLUTION**

Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2021 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2022 through 2030.

1 Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives

2 concurring),

3 SECTION 1. CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE BUDGET 4 FOR FISCAL YEAR 2021.

5 (a) DECLARATION.—Congress declares that this reso-6 lution is the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal 7 year 2021 and that this resolution sets forth the appro-8 priate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2022 through 2030.

#### 1 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for

#### 2 this concurrent resolution is as follows:

Sec. 1. Concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2021.

#### TITLE I—RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

#### Subtitle A—Budgetary Levels in Both Houses

- Sec. 1101. Recommended levels and amounts.
- Sec. 1102. Major functional categories.

#### Subtitle B—Levels and Amounts in the Senate

- Sec. 1201. Social security in the Senate.
- Sec. 1202. Postal Service discretionary administrative expenses in the Senate.

#### TITLE II—RECONCILIATION

Sec. 2001. Reconciliation in the House of Representatives.

Sec. 2002. Reconciliation in the Senate.

#### TITLE III—RESERVE FUNDS

Sec. 3001. Reserve fund for reconciliation legislation. Sec. 3002. Reserve fund for deficit-neutral legislation.

#### TITLE IV—OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 4001. Enforcement filing.

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- Sec. 4002. Budgetary treatment of administrative expenses.
- Sec. 4003. Application and effect of changes in allocations, aggregates, and other budgetary levels.
- Sec. 4004. Adjustments to reflect changes in concepts and definitions.
- Sec. 4005. Adjustment for changes in the baseline.
- Sec. 4006. Limitation on advance appropriations.
- Sec. 4007. Repeal of supermajority enforcement requirement.

Sec. 4008. Exercise of rulemaking powers.

# TITLE I—RECOMMENDED

## LEVELS AND AMOUNTS

# Subtitle A—Budgetary Levels in Both Houses

7 SEC. 1101. RECOMMENDED LEVELS AND AMOUNTS.

8 The following budgetary levels are appropriate for

9 each of fiscal years 2021 through 2030:

1	(1) Federal revenues.—For purposes of the
2	enforcement of this resolution:
3	(A) The recommended levels of Federal
4	revenues are as follows:
5	Fiscal year 2021: \$2,303,274,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2022: \$2,768,717,000,000.
7	Fiscal year 2023: \$2,971,083,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2024: \$3,092,643,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2025: \$3,236,199,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2026: \$3,514,253,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2027: \$3,762,577,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2028: \$3,883,209,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2029: \$4,007,991,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2030: \$4,121,665,000,000.
15	(B) The amounts by which the aggregate
16	levels of Federal revenues should be changed
17	are as follows:
18	Fiscal year 2021: -\$15,670,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2022: -\$17,390,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2023: \$102,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2024: \$226,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2025: \$216,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2026: \$181,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2027: \$98,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2028: -\$106,000,000.

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1	Fiscal year 2029: -\$121,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2030: -\$128,000,000.
3	(2) New Budget Authority.—For purposes
4	of the enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate
5	levels of total new budget authority are as follows:
6	Fiscal year 2021: \$6,020,543,000,000.
7	Fiscal year 2022: \$4,091,342,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2023: \$4,011,132,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2024: \$4,072,784,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2025: \$4,267,538,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2026: \$4,449,047,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2027: \$4,642,875,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2028: \$4,960,846,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2029: \$5,082,932,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2030: \$5,471,756,000,000.
16	(3) BUDGET OUTLAYS.—For purposes of the
17	enforcement of this resolution, the appropriate levels
18	of total budget outlays are as follows:
19	Fiscal year 2021: \$6,140,857,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2022: \$4,298,244,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2023: \$4,070,343,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2024: \$4,070,242,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2025: \$4,250,436,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2026: \$4,425,376,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2027: \$4,606,887,000,000.

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1	Fiscal year 2028: \$4,950,170,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2029: \$5,019,083,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2030: \$5,419,949,000,000.
4	(4) Deficits.—For purposes of the enforce-
5	ment of this resolution, the amounts of the deficits
6	are as follows:
7	Fiscal year 2021: \$3,837,583,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2022: \$1,529,527,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2023: \$1,099,260,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2024: \$977,599,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2025: \$1,014,237,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2026: \$911,123,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2027: \$844,310,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2028: \$1,066,961,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2029: \$1,011,092,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2030: \$1,298,284,000,000.
17	(5) PUBLIC DEBT.—Pursuant to section
18	301(a)(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of $1974$
19	(2  U.S.C.  632(a)(5)), the appropriate levels of the
20	public debt are as follows:
21	Fiscal year 2021: \$29,943,000,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2022: \$31,647,000,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2023: \$32,911,000,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2024: \$34,102,000,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2025: \$35,262,000,000,000.

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1	Fiscal year 2026: \$36,311,000,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2027: \$37,261,000,000,000.
3	Fiscal year 2028: \$38,443,000,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2029: \$39,652,000,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2030: \$41,068,000,000,000.
6	(6) DEBT HELD BY THE PUBLIC.—The appro-
7	priate levels of debt held by the public are as follows:
8	Fiscal year 2021: \$24,081,000,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2022: \$25,818,000,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2023: \$27,153,000,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2024: \$28,380,000,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2025: \$29,610,000,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2026: \$30,730,000,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2027: \$31,882,000,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2028: \$33,333,000,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2029: \$34,768,000,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2030: \$36,518,000,000,000.
18	SEC. 1102. MAJOR FUNCTIONAL CATEGORIES.
19	Congress determines and declares that the appro-
20	priate levels of new budget authority and outlays for fiscal
21	years 2021 through 2030 for each major functional cat-
22	egory are:
23	(1) National Defense (050):
24	Fiscal year 2021:

1	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
2	\$762,552,0	000,000.		
3	(B) O	utlays, \$7	48,719,000	,000.
4	Fiscal year	r 2022:		
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$776,986,0	000,000.		
7	(B) O	utlays, \$7	766,960,000	,000.
8	Fiscal year	r 2023:		
9	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
10	\$792,882,0	000,000.		
11	(B) O	utlays, \$7	73,777,000,	,000.
12	Fiscal year	r 2024:		
13	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
14	\$810,362,0	000,000.		
15	(B) O	utlays, \$7	782,210,000	,000.
16	Fiscal year	r 2025:		
17	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
18	\$828,950,0	000,000.		
19	(B) O	utlays, \$8	304,311,000	,000.
20	Fiscal year	r 2026:		
21	(A)	New	budget	authority,
22	\$847,993,0	000,000.		
23	(B) O	utlays, \$8	321,641,000	,000.
24	Fiscal year	r 2027:		

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$868,011,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$840,472,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2028:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$888,637,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$865,412,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2029:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$909,676,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$874,729,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2030:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$931,654,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$901,459,000,000.
16	(2) International Affairs (150):
17	Fiscal year 2021:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$85,042,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$47,310,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2022:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$64,249,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$58,941,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2023:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	60,410,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$60,004,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2024:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$61,722,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$59,578,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2025:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	63,114,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$60,371,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2026:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$64,518,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$61,851,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2027:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	66,053,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$63,271,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2028:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$67,608,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$64,814,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2029:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	69,140,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$66,100,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2030:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	70,703,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$67,498,000,000.
8	(3) General Science, Space, and Technology
9	(250):
10	Fiscal year 2021:
11	(A) New budget authority,
12	\$38,543,000,000.
13	(B) Outlays, \$35,563,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2022:
15	(A) New budget authority,
16	\$38,029,000,000.
17	(B) Outlays, \$37,267,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2023:
19	(A) New budget authority,
20	\$38,791,000,000.
21	(B) Outlays, \$38,167,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2024:
23	(A) New budget authority,
24	\$39,609,000,000.
25	(B) Outlays, \$38,841,000,000.

1	Fiscal year 2025:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$40,471,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$39,604,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2026:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$41,342,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$40,432,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2027:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$42,249,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$41,291,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2028:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$43,169,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$42,181,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2029:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$44,096,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$43,095,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2030:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$45,065,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$44,035,000,000.
25	(4) Energy (270):

1	Fiscal year 2021:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$4,057,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$5,280,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2022:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$6,050,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$5,076,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2023:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$5,730,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$4,542,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2024:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$5,834,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$4,760,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2025:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$5,948,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$4,857,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2026:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$5,819,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$4,810,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2027:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$5,928,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$4,886,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2028:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$7,846,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$6,806,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2029:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$8,318,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$7,337,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2030:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$8,502,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$7,601,000,000.
16	(5) Natural Resources and Environment (300):
17	Fiscal year 2021:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$50,042,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$47,053,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2022:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$51,243,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$49,042,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2023:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$53,061,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$50,890,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2024:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$54,116,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$52,475,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2025:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$55,219,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$54,269,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2026:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$54,734,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$55,807,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2027:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$55,899,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$57,090,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2028:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$57,141,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$58,098,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2029:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$58,378,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$59,056,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2030:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$59,616,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$59,946,000,000.
8	(6) Agriculture (350):
9	Fiscal year 2021:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$49,067,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$50,970,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2022:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$28,047,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$28,576,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2023:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$28,130,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$27,794,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2024:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$27,909,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$27,424,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2025:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$27,496,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$26,898,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2026:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$27,675,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$27,055,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2027:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$27,535,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$26,873,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2028:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$27,715,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$27,072,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2029:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$27,752,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$27,083,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2030:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$28,058,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$27,392,000,000.
24	(7) Commerce and Housing Credit (370):
25	Fiscal year 2021:

(A) New budget authority,
-\$242,699,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$327,529,000,000.
Fiscal year 2022:
(A) New budget authority,
\$19,497,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$36,392,000,000.
Fiscal year 2023:
(A) New budget authority,
20,198,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$18,376,000,000.
Fiscal year 2024:
(A) New budget authority,
\$21,159,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$18,015,000,000.
Fiscal year 2025:
(A) New budget authority,
\$20,943,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$16,507,000,000.
Fiscal year 2026:
(A) New budget authority,
\$21,827,000,000.
(B) Outlays, \$15,783,000,000.
Fiscal year 2027:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$22,117,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$15,520,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2028:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$21,953,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$16,174,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2029:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$22,222,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$15,056,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2030:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$21,683,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$13,389,000,000.
16	(8) Transportation (400):
17	Fiscal year 2021:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$206,391,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$185,619,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2022:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$104,160,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$119,664,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2023:

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,
2	\$104,738,0	)00,000.		
3	(B) O	utlays, \$1	112,309,000	),000.
4	Fiscal year	· 2024:		
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$105,569,0	)00,000.		
7	(B) O	utlays, \$1	105,989,000	),000.
8	Fiscal year	· 2025:		
9	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
10	\$106,120,0	)00,000.		
11	(B) O	utlays, \$1	108,527,000	),000.
12	Fiscal year	· 2026:		
13	(A)	New	budget	authority,
14	\$107,067,0	)00,000.		
15	(B) O	utlays, \$1	111,187,000	),000.
16	Fiscal year	· 2027:		
17	(A)	New	budget	authority,
18	\$108,278,0	)00,000.		
19	(B) O	utlays, \$1	113,982,000	),000.
20	Fiscal year	· 2028:		
21	(A)	New	budget	authority,
22	\$109,339,0	)00,000.		
23	(B) O	utlays, \$1	116,164,000	),000.
24	Fiscal year	· 2029:		

1		(A)	New	budget	authority,
2		\$110,222,00	0,000.		
3		(B) Out	lays, s	\$118,680,00	00,000.
4		Fiscal year 2	2030:		
5		(A)	New	budget	authority,
6		\$111,372,00	0,000.		
7		(B) Out	lays, S	\$121,056,00	00,000.
8	(9)	Community	and	Regional	Development
9	(450):				
10		Fiscal year 2	2021:		
11		(A)	New	budget	authority,
12		\$127,525,00	0,000.		
13		(B) Out	lays, S	\$98,043,000	0,000.
14		Fiscal year 2	2022:		
15		(A)	New	budget	authority,
16		\$32,000,000	,000.		
17		(B) Out	ilays, S	\$51,963,000	0,000.
18		Fiscal year 2	2023:		
19		(A)	New	budget	authority,
20		\$32,624,000	,000.		
21		(B) Out	ilays, S	\$48,433,000	0,000.
22		Fiscal year 2	2024:		
23		(A)	New	budget	authority,
24		\$33,318,000	,000.		
25		(B) Out	lays, S	\$45,776,000	0,000.

1	Fiscal year 2025:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$34,031,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$43,758,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2026:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$34,763,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$42,053,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2027:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$35,520,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$42,217,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2028:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	$\$36,\!283,\!000,\!000.$
16	(B) Outlays, \$42,162,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2029:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$37,048,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$42,100,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2030:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$37,843,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$42,189,000,000.

1	(10)	Education,	Trainin	g, Employi	ment, and
2	Social Ser	vices (500):			
3	-	Fiscal year 2	2021:		
4		$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
5	:	\$372,350,00	0,000.		
6		(B) Out	tlays, \$10	30,006,000,0	000.
7	-	Fiscal year 2	2022:		
8		(A)	New	budget	authority,
9	:	\$115,812,00	0,000.		
10		(B) Out	tlays, \$17	78,392,000,0	000.
11	-	Fiscal year 2	2023:		
12		$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
13	:	\$116,259,00	0,000.		
14		(B) Out	tlays, \$15	54,773,000,0	000.
15	-	Fiscal year 2	2024:		
16		(A)	New	budget	authority,
17	:	\$118,661,00	0,000.		
18		(B) Out	tlays, \$15	50,171,000,0	000.
19	-	Fiscal year 2	2025:		
20		(A)	New	budget	authority,
21	:	\$121,803,00	0,000.		
22		(B) Out	tlays, \$14	44,105,000,0	000.
23	-	Fiscal year 2	2026:		
24		(A)	New	budget	authority,
25	:	\$125,194,00	0,000.		

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1	(B) Outlays, \$134,645,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2027:
3	(A) New budget authority,
4	\$128,638,000,000.
5	(B) Outlays, \$130,729,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2028:
7	(A) New budget authority,
8	\$132,003,000,000.
9	(B) Outlays, \$131,492,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2029:
11	(A) New budget authority,
12	\$134,674,000,000.
13	(B) Outlays, \$132,652,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2030:
15	(A) New budget authority,
16	\$137,812,000,000.
17	(B) Outlays, \$135,558,000,000.
18	(11) Health (550):
19	Fiscal year 2021:
20	(A) New budget authority,
21	\$943,093,000,000.
22	(B) Outlays, \$882,818,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2022:
24	(A) New budget authority,
25	\$748,503,000,000.

1	(B) Outlays, \$797,760,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2023:
3	(A) New budget authority,
4	\$713, 126, 000, 000.
5	(B) Outlays, \$722,016,000,000.
6	Fiscal year 2024:
7	(A) New budget authority,
8	\$720,847,000,000.
9	(B) Outlays, \$730,335,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2025:
11	(A) New budget authority,
12	\$754,383,000,000.
13	(B) Outlays, \$753,709,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2026:
15	(A) New budget authority,
16	790,057,000,000.
17	(B) Outlays, \$785,131,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2027:
19	(A) New budget authority,
20	\$825, 982, 000, 000.
21	(B) Outlays, \$820,641,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2028:
23	(A) New budget authority,
24	\$858,454,000,000.
25	(B) Outlays, \$858,986,000,000.

1	Fiscal year 2029:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$900,409,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$901,525,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2030:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$955, 814, 000, 000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$946,672,000,000.
9	(12) Medicare (570):
10	Fiscal year 2021:
11	(A) New budget authority,
12	766,853,000,000.
13	(B) Outlays, \$766,005,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2022:
15	(A) New budget authority,
16	\$745,579,000,000.
17	(B) Outlays, \$745,556,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2023:
19	(A) New budget authority,
20	$\$838,\!359,\!000,\!000.$
21	(B) Outlays, \$838,200,000,000.
22	Fiscal year 2024:
23	(A) New budget authority,
24	\$851,671,000,000.
25	(B) Outlays, \$851,452,000,000.

1	Fiscal year 2025:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$958,756,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$958,451,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2026:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$1,026,856,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$1,026,484,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2027:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$1,098,460,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$1,098,027,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2028:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$1,244,688,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$1,244,201,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2029:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$1,184,583,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$1,184,048,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2030:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$1,331,736,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$1,331,161,000,000.
25	(13) Income Security (600):

1	Fiscal year 2021:
2	(A) New budget authority,
3	\$1,845,601,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$1,779,410,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2022:
6	(A) New budget authority,
7	\$770,908,000,000.
8	(B) Outlays, \$805,014,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2023:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$619,246,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$628,956,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2024:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$620,759,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$612,726,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2025:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$623,210,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$624,207,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2026:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$640,597,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$638,103,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2027:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$633,758,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$627,362,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2028:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$645,839,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$643,707,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2029:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$641,962,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$627,556,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2030:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$657,398,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$648,615,000,000.
16	(14) Social Security (650):
17	Fiscal year 2021:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$40,594,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$40,598,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2022:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$42,633,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$42,633,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2023:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$45,486,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$45,486,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2024:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$48,621,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$48,621,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2025:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	$$52,\!151,\!000,\!000.$
11	(B) Outlays, \$52,151,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2026:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$62,223,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$62,223,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2027:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$68,685,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$68,685,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2028:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	73,712,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$73,712,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2029:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	78,912,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$78,912,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2030:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$83,948,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$83,948,000,000.
8	(15) Veterans Benefits and Services (700):
9	Fiscal year 2021:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$258,560,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$250,738,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2022:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	\$243,210,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$267,893,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2023:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$249,723,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$251,696,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2024:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$256,945,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$244,770,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2025:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$264,708,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$263,284,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2026:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$272,216,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$270,636,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2027:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$280,109,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$278,409,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2028:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$288,040,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$299,629,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2029:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$296,740,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$281,467,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2030:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	305,496,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$303,520,000,000.
24	(16) Administration of Justice (750):
25	Fiscal year 2021:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	72,961,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$74,900,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2022:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$76,879,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$73,320,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2023:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	74,336,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$73,557,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2024:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$75,600,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$75,011,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2025:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	\$76,413,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$76,155,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2026:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	\$78,161,000,000.
23	(B) Outlays, \$77,827,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2027:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$80,010,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$79,533,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2028:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$81,961,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$80,963,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2029:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	\$83,994,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, \$82,930,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2030:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	\$92,786,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, \$91,769,000,000.
16	(17) General Government (800):
17	Fiscal year 2021:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	\$375,971,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, \$376,468,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2022:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$24,837,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$24,899,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2023:

1	(A) New	budget	authority,
2	\$24,888,000,000.		
3	(B) Outlays, §	\$24,787,000,	000.
4	Fiscal year 2024:		
5	(A) New	budget	authority,
6	\$25,205,000,000.		
7	(B) Outlays, 8	\$24,961,000,	000.
8	Fiscal year 2025:		
9	(A) New	budget	authority,
10	\$25,885,000,000.		
11	(B) Outlays, §	\$25,481,000,	000.
12	Fiscal year 2026:		
13	(A) New	budget	authority,
14	\$26,483,000,000.		
15	(B) Outlays, §	\$26,036,000,	000.
16	Fiscal year 2027:		
17	(A) New	budget	authority,
18	\$27,170,000,000.		
19	(B) Outlays, §	\$26,711,000,	000.
20	Fiscal year 2028:		
21	(A) New	budget	authority,
22	\$27,869,000,000.		
23	(B) Outlays, §	\$27,402,000,	000.
24	Fiscal year 2029:		

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	\$28,621,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, \$28,137,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2030:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	\$29,416,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$28,918,000,000.
8	(18) Net Interest (900):
9	Fiscal year 2021:
10	(A) New budget authority,
11	\$365,131,000,000.
12	(B) Outlays, \$365,131,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2022:
14	(A) New budget authority,
15	$\$345,\!959,\!000,\!000.$
16	(B) Outlays, \$345,959,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2023:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	$\$336,\!379,\!000,\!000.$
20	(B) Outlays, \$336,379,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2024:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	\$332,881,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, \$332,881,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2025:

1	(A) New budget authority,			
2	\$341,018,000,000.			
3	(B) Outlays, \$341,018,000,000.			
4	Fiscal year 2026:			
5	(A) New budget authority,			
6	\$367, 269, 000, 000.			
7	(B) Outlays, \$367,269,000,000.			
8	Fiscal year 2027:			
9	(A) New budget authority,			
10	\$418,442,000,000.			
11	(B) Outlays, \$418,442,000,000.			
12	Fiscal year 2028:			
13	(A) New budget authority,			
14	\$502,412,000,000.			
15	(B) Outlays, \$502,412,000,000.			
16	Fiscal year 2029:			
17	(A) New budget authority,			
18	605,086,000,000.			
19	(B) Outlays, \$605,086,000,000.			
20	Fiscal year 2030:			
21	(A) New budget authority,			
22	\$727,019,000,000.			
23	(B) Outlays, \$727,019,000,000.			
24	(19) Allowances (920):			
25	Fiscal year 2021:			
1	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
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2	-\$25,000	),000.		
3	(B) (	Dutlays, §	\$0.	
4	Fiscal yea	r 2022:		
5	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
6	-\$33,933	3,000,000	).	
7	(B) (	Dutlays, •	-\$27,630,00	00,000.
8	Fiscal yea	r 2023:		
9	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
10	-\$34,680	6,000,000	).	
11	(B) (	Dutlays, •	$-\$31,\!376,\!00$	00,000.
12	Fiscal yea	r 2024:		
13	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
14	-\$35,495	5,000,000	).	
15	(B) (	Dutlays, •	-\$33,380,00	00,000.
16	Fiscal yea	r 2025:		
17	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
18	-\$36,367	7,000,000	).	
19	(B) (	Dutlays, •	$-\$34,\!806,\!00$	00,000.
20	Fiscal yea	r 2026:		
21	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
22	-\$37,240	),000,000	).	
23	(B) (	Dutlays, •	-\$35,938,00	00,000.
24	Fiscal yea	r 2027:		

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	$-\$38,\!152,\!000,\!000.$
3	(B) Outlays, -\$36,942,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2028:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	-\$38,991,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, -\$37,890,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2029:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	-\$39,927,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, -\$38,847,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2030:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	-\$40,906,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, -\$39,817,000,000.
16	(20) Undistributed Offsetting Receipts (950):
17	Fiscal year 2021:
18	(A) New budget authority,
19	-\$101,066,000,000.
20	(B) Outlays, -\$101,303,000,000.
21	Fiscal year 2022:
22	(A) New budget authority,
23	-\$109,306,000,000.
24	(B) Outlays, -\$109,433,000,000.
25	Fiscal year 2023:

1	(A) New budget authority,
2	$-\$108,\!548,\!000,\!000.$
3	(B) Outlays, -\$108,423,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2024:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	-\$102,509,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, -\$102,374,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2025:
9	(A) New budget authority,
10	-\$105,714,000,000.
11	(B) Outlays, -\$112,421,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2026:
13	(A) New budget authority,
14	-\$108,507,000,000.
15	(B) Outlays, -\$107,659,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2027:
17	(A) New budget authority,
18	$-\$111,\!817,\!000,\!000.$
19	(B) Outlays, -\$110,312,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2028:
21	(A) New budget authority,
22	$-\$114,\!832,\!000,\!000.$
23	(B) Outlays, -\$113,327,000,000.
24	Fiscal year 2029:

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1	(A) New budget authority,
2	-\$118,974,000,000.
3	(B) Outlays, -\$117,619,000,000.
4	Fiscal year 2030:
5	(A) New budget authority,
6	$-\$123,\!259,\!000,\!000.$
7	(B) Outlays, -\$121,979,000,000.
8	Subtitle B—Levels and Amounts in
9	the Senate
10	SEC. 1201. SOCIAL SECURITY IN THE SENATE.
11	(a) Social Security Revenues.—For purposes of
12	Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the
13	Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633 and
14	642), the amounts of revenues of the Federal Old-Age and
15	Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Dis-
16	ability Insurance Trust Fund are as follows:
17	Fiscal year 2021: \$898,089,000,000.
18	Fiscal year 2022: \$930,023,000,000.
19	Fiscal year 2023: \$996,745,000,000.
•	

20 Fiscal year 2024: \$1,040,533,000,000.

21 Fiscal year 2025: \$1,085,441,000,000.

22 Fiscal year 2026: \$1,133,139,000,000.

23 Fiscal year 2027: \$1,182,469,000,000.

24 Fiscal year 2028: \$1,231,717,000,000.

25 Fiscal year 2029: \$1,279,075,000,000.

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1	Fiscal year 2030: \$1,326,172,000,000.
2	(b) Social Security Outlays.—For purposes of
3	Senate enforcement under sections 302 and 311 of the
4	Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633 and
5	642), the amounts of outlays of the Federal Old-Age and
6	Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Dis-
7	ability Insurance Trust Fund are as follows:
8	Fiscal year 2021: \$1,101,575,000,000.
9	Fiscal year 2022: \$1,158,817,000,000.
10	Fiscal year 2023: \$1,222,448,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2024: \$1,292,270,000,000.
12	Fiscal year 2025: \$1,365,124,000,000.
13	Fiscal year 2026: \$1,434,051,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2027: \$1,506,794,000,000.
15	Fiscal year 2028: \$1,586,096,000,000.
16	Fiscal year 2029: \$1,666,850,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2030: \$1,750,666,000,000.
18	(c) Social Security Administrative Ex-
19	PENSES.—In the Senate, the amounts of new budget au-
20	thority and budget outlays of the Federal Old-Age and
21	Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Dis-
22	ability Insurance Trust Fund for administrative expenses
23	are as follows:
24	Eineal man 2021

24 Fiscal year 2021:

1	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
2	\$5,650,000	),000.		
3	(B) O	utlays, \$5,6	65,000,000.	
4	Fiscal year	· 2022:		
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$6,345,000	),000.		
7	(B) O	utlays, \$6,3	318,000,000.	
8	Fiscal year	· 2023:		
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,
10	\$6,502,000	),000.		
11	(B) O	utlays, \$6,4	462,000,000.	
12	Fiscal year	· 2024:		
13	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
14	\$6,672,000	),000.		
15	(B) O	utlays, \$6,6	529,000,000.	
16	Fiscal year	· 2025:		
17	$(\mathbf{A})$	New	budget	authority,
18	\$6,856,000	),000.		
19	(B) O	utlays, \$6,8	308,000,000.	
20	Fiscal year	· 2026:		
21	(A)	New	budget	authority,
22	\$7,048,000	),000.		
23	(B) O	utlays, \$6,9	998,000,000.	
24	Fiscal year	· 2027:		

1	(A)	New	budget	authority,
2	\$7,247,00	00,000.		
3	(B)	Outlays, \$7,1	195,000,000.	
4	Fiscal year	ar 2028:		
5	(A)	New	budget	authority,
6	\$7,458,00	00,000.		
7	(B)	Outlays, \$7,4	403,000,000.	
8	Fiscal years	ar 2029:		
9	(A)	New	budget	authority,
10	\$7,678,00	00,000.		
11	(B)	Outlays, \$7,0	621,000,000.	
12	Fiscal years	ar 2030:		
13	(A)	New	budget	authority,
14	\$7,908,00	00,000.		
15	(B)	Outlays, \$7,8	847,000,000.	
16	SEC. 1202. POSTAL	SERVICE DIS	CRETIONARY .	ADMINISTRA-
17	TIVE I	EXPENSES IN	THE SENATE.	
18	In the Senate	, the amount	ts of new budg	get authority
19	and budget outlays	of the Posta	al Service for	discretionary
20	administrative expe	enses are as f	ollows:	
21	Fiscal year	ar 2021:		
22	(A) 1	New budget	authority, \$26	67,000,000.
23	(B)	Outlays, \$26	8,000,000.	
24	Fiscal year	ar 2022:		
25	(A) 1	New budget	authority, \$28	82,000,000.

1	(B) Outlays, \$282,000,000.
2	Fiscal year 2023:
3	(A) New budget authority, \$289,000,000.
4	(B) Outlays, \$289,000,000.
5	Fiscal year 2024:
6	(A) New budget authority, \$298,000,000.
7	(B) Outlays, \$298,000,000.
8	Fiscal year 2025:
9	(A) New budget authority, \$308,000,000.
10	(B) Outlays, \$308,000,000.
11	Fiscal year 2026:
12	(A) New budget authority, \$317,000,000.
13	(B) Outlays, \$317,000,000.
14	Fiscal year 2027:
15	(A) New budget authority, \$328,000,000.
16	(B) Outlays, \$328,000,000.
17	Fiscal year 2028:
18	(A) New budget authority, \$338,000,000.
19	(B) Outlays, \$338,000,000.
20	Fiscal year 2029:
21	(A) New budget authority, \$350,000,000.
22	(B) Outlays, \$349,000,000.
23	Fiscal year 2030:
24	(A) New budget authority, \$362,000,000.
25	(B) Outlays, \$361,000,000.

# 1 **TITLE II—RECONCILIATION** 2 SEC. 2001. RECONCILIATION IN THE HOUSE OF REP 3 RESENTATIVES.

4 (a) COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE.—The Committee
5 on Agriculture of the House of Representatives shall sub6 mit changes in laws within its jurisdiction to increase the
7 deficit by not more than \$16,112,000,000 for the period
8 of fiscal years 2021 through 2030.

9 (b) COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION AND LABOR.—The 10 Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Rep-11 resentatives shall submit changes in laws within its juris-12 diction to increase the deficit by not more than 13 \$357,926,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2021 14 through 2030.

(c) COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND COMMERCE.—The
Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of
Representatives shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction to increase the deficit by not more than
\$188,498,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2021
through 2030.

(d) COMMITTEE ON FINANCIAL SERVICES.—The
Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction to increase the deficit by not more than

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\$75,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2021
 through 2030.

3 (e) COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS.—The Com4 mittee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives
5 shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction to in6 crease the deficit by not more than \$10,000,000,000 for
7 the period of fiscal years 2021 through 2030.

8 (f) COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES.—The 9 Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Rep-10 resentatives shall submit changes in laws within its juris-11 diction to increase the deficit by not more than 12 \$1,005,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2021 13 through 2030.

(g) COMMITTEE ON OVERSIGHT AND REFORM.—The
Committee on Oversight and Reform of the House of Representatives shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction to increase the deficit by not more than
\$350,690,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2021
through 2030.

(h) COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE, SPACE, AND TECHNOLOGY.—The Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives shall submit
changes in laws within its jurisdiction to increase the deficit by not more than \$750,000,000 for the period of fiscal
years 2021 through 2030.

(i) COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS.—The Com mittee on Small Business of the House of Representatives
 shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction to in crease the deficit by not more than \$50,000,000,000 for
 the period of fiscal years 2021 through 2030.

6 (j) COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION AND INFRA-7 STRUCTURE.—The Committee on Transportation and In-8 frastructure of the House of Representatives shall submit 9 changes in laws within its jurisdiction to increase the def-10 icit by not more than \$95,620,000,000 for the period of 11 fiscal years 2021 through 2030.

12 COMMITTEE ON VETERANS' AFFAIRS.—The (k) 13 Committee on Veterans' Affairs of the House of Rep-14 resentatives shall submit changes in laws within its juris-15 diction to increase the deficit by not more than \$17,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 202116 through 2030. 17

(1) COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS.—The Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives shall submit changes in laws within its jurisdiction
to increase the deficit by not more than \$940,718,000,000
for the period of fiscal years 2021 through 2030.

(m) SUBMISSIONS.—In the House of Representatives,
not later than February 16, 2021, the committees named
in the subsections of this section shall submit their rec-

ommendations to the Committee on the Budget of the
 House of Representatives to carry out this section.

#### 3 SEC. 2002. RECONCILIATION IN THE SENATE.

4 (a) COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND
5 FORESTRY.—The Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition,
6 and Forestry of the Senate shall report changes in laws
7 within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more
8 than \$22,717,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2021
9 through 2030.

(b) COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN
AFFAIRS.—The Committee on Banking, Housing, and
Urban Affairs of the Senate shall report changes in laws
within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more
than \$89,250,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2021
through 2030.

(c) COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND
TRANSPORTATION.—The Committee on Commerce,
Science, and Transportation of the Senate shall report
changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the
deficit by not more than \$35,903,000,000 for the period
of fiscal years 2021 through 2030.

(d) COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT AND PUBLIC
WORKS.—The Committee on Environment and Public
Works of the Senate shall report changes in laws within
its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than

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\$3,206,500,000 for the period of fiscal years 2021
 through 2030.

3 (e) COMMITTEE ON FINANCE.—The Committee on
4 Finance of the Senate shall report changes in laws within
5 its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not more than
6 \$1,296,487,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2021
7 through 2030.

8 (f) COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS.—The 9 Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate shall report 10 changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the 11 deficit by not more than \$10,000,000,000 for the period 12 of fiscal years 2021 through 2030.

(g) COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, EDUCATION, LABOR,
AND PENSIONS.—The Committee on Health, Education,
Labor, and Pensions of the Senate shall report changes
in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by
not more than \$304,956,000,000 for the period of fiscal
years 2021 through 2030.

(h) COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY AND GOV20 ERNMENTAL AFFAIRS.—The Committee on Homeland Se21 curity and Governmental Affairs of the Senate shall report
22 changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the
23 deficit by not more than \$50,687,000,000 for the period
24 of fiscal years 2021 through 2030.

1 (i) COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS.—The Com-2 mittee on Indian Affairs of the Senate shall report 3 changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the 4 deficit by not more than \$8,604,000,000 for the period 5 of fiscal years 2021 through 2030.

6 (j) COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS AND ENTRE-7 PRENEURSHIP.—The Committee on Small Business and 8 Entrepreneurship of the Senate shall report changes in 9 laws within its jurisdiction that increase the deficit by not 10 more than \$50,000,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 11 2021 through 2030.

12 (k) COMMITTEE ON VETERANS' AFFAIRS.—The 13 Committee on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate shall report 14 changes in laws within its jurisdiction that increase the 15 deficit by not more than \$17,000,000,000 for the period 16 of fiscal years 2021 through 2030.

17 (1) SUBMISSIONS.—In the Senate, not later than February 16, 2021, the Committees named in the subsections 18 19 of this section shall submit their recommendations to the 20 Committee on the Budget of the Senate. Upon receiving 21 all such recommendations, the Committee on the Budget 22 of the Senate shall report to the Senate a reconciliation 23 bill carrying out all such recommendations without any 24 substantive revision.

3

# TITLE III—RESERVE FUNDS

# 2 SEC. 3001. RESERVE FUND FOR RECONCILIATION LEGISLA-

### TION.

4 (a) House of Representatives.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—In the House of the Rep-6 resentatives, the chair of the Committee on the 7 Budget may revise the allocations of a committee or 8 committees, aggregates, and other appropriate levels 9 in this resolution for any bill or joint resolution con-10 sidered pursuant to section 2001 containing the rec-11 ommendations of one or more committees, or for one 12 or more amendments to, a conference report on, or 13 an amendment between the Houses in relation to 14 such a bill or joint resolution, by the amounts nec-15 essary to accommodate the budgetary effects of the 16 legislation, if the budgetary effects of the legislation 17 comply with the reconciliation instructions under 18 this concurrent resolution.

19 (2) DETERMINATION OF COMPLIANCE.—For
20 purposes of this section, compliance with the rec21 onciliation instructions under this concurrent resolu22 tion shall be determined by the chair of the Com23 mittee on the Budget of the House of Representa24 tives.

1 (3) EXCEPTION FOR LEGISLATION.—The point 2 of order set forth in clause 10 of rule XXI of the 3 House of Representatives shall not apply to rec-4 onciliation legislation reported by the Committee on 5 the Budget pursuant to submissions under section 6 2001.

7 (b) Senate.—

8 (1) IN GENERAL.—In the Senate, the Chairman 9 of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate may 10 revise the allocations of a committee or committees, 11 aggregates, and other appropriate levels in this reso-12 lution, and make adjustments to the pay-as-you-go 13 ledger, for any bill or joint resolution considered 14 pursuant to section 2002 containing the rec-15 ommendations of one or more committees, or for one 16 or more amendments to, a conference report on, or 17 an amendment between the Houses in relation to 18 such a bill or joint resolution, by the amounts nec-19 essary to accommodate the budgetary effects of the 20 legislation, if the budgetary effects of the legislation 21 comply with the reconciliation instructions under 22 this concurrent resolution.

(2) DETERMINATION OF COMPLIANCE.—For
purposes of this section, compliance with the reconciliation instructions under this concurrent resolu-

1	tion shall be determined by the Chairman of the
2	Committee on the Budget of the Senate.
3	(3) Exceptions for legislation.—
4	(A) Short-term.—Section 404 of S. Con.
5	Res. 13 (111th Congress), the concurrent reso-
6	lution on the budget for fiscal year 2010, as
7	amended by section 3201(b)(2) of S. Con. Res.
8	11 (114th Congress), the concurrent resolution
9	on the budget for fiscal year 2016, shall not
10	apply to legislation for which the Chairman of
11	the Committee on the Budget of the Senate has
12	exercised the authority under paragraph $(1)$ .
13	(B) LONG-TERM.—Section 3101 of S. Con.
14	Res. 11 (114th Congress), the concurrent reso-
15	lution on the budget for fiscal year 2016, shall
16	not apply to legislation for which the Chairman
17	of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate
18	has exercised the authority under paragraph
19	(1).
20	SEC. 3002. RESERVE FUND FOR DEFICIT-NEUTRAL LEGIS-
21	LATION.
22	The chair of the Committee on the Budget of the
23	House of Representatives may revise the allocations of a
24	committee or committees, aggregates, and other appro-

25 priate levels in this resolution for one or more bills, joint

resolutions, amendments, or conference reports by the
 amounts provided in such legislation, provided that such
 legislation would not increase the deficit for either of the
 following time periods: fiscal year 2021 to fiscal year 2025
 or fiscal year 2021 to fiscal year 2030.

## 6 TITLE IV—OTHER MATTERS

### 7 SEC. 4001. ENFORCEMENT FILING.

8 (a) IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—In the 9 House of Representatives, if a concurrent resolution on 10 the budget for fiscal year 2021 is adopted without the ap-11 pointment of a committee of conference on the disagreeing 12 votes of the two Houses with respect to this concurrent 13 resolution on the budget, for the purpose of enforcing the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 621 et seq.) 14 15 and applicable rules and requirements set forth in the concurrent resolution on the budget, the allocations provided 16 17 for in this subsection shall apply in the House of Representatives in the same manner as if such allocations 18 19 were in a joint explanatory statement accompanying a con-20 ference report on the budget for fiscal year 2021. The 21 chair of the Committee on the Budget of the House of 22 Representatives shall submit a statement for publication 23 in the Congressional Record containing—

(1) for the Committee on Appropriations, committee allocations for fiscal year 2021 consistent

with title I for the purpose of enforcing section 302
 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.
 633); and

4 (2) for all committees other than the Committee on Appropriations, committee allocations consistent with title I for fiscal year 2021 and for the period of fiscal years 2021 through 2030 for the purpose of enforcing 302 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633).

10 (b) IN THE SENATE.—If this concurrent resolution 11 on the budget is agreed to by the Senate and House of 12 Representatives without the appointment of a committee 13 of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses, 14 the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of the Sen-15 ate may submit a statement for publication in the Con-16 gressional Record containing—

(1) for the Committee on Appropriations, committee allocations for fiscal year 2021 consistent
with the levels in title I for the purpose of enforcing
section 302 of the Congressional Budget Act of
1974 (2 U.S.C. 633); and

(2) for all committees other than the Committee on Appropriations, committee allocations for
fiscal years 2021, 2021 through 2025, and 2021
through 2030 consistent with the levels in title I for

the purpose of enforcing section 302 of the Congres sional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633).

## 3 SEC. 4002. BUDGETARY TREATMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE 4 EXPENSES.

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 6 302(a)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2) 7 U.S.C. 633(a)(1)), section 13301 of the Budget Enforce-8 ment Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 632 note), and section 2009a 9 of title 39, United States Code, the report or the joint 10 explanatory statement, as applicable, accompanying this 11 concurrent resolution on the budget shall include in an allocation under section 302(a) of the Congressional 12 13 Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 633(a)) to the Committee on Appropriations of the applicable House of Congress 14 15 amounts for the discretionary administrative expenses of the Social Security Administration and the United States 16 Postal Service. 17

(b) SPECIAL RULE.—In the House of Representatives and the Senate, for purposes of enforcing section
302(f) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.
633(f)), estimates of the level of total new budget authority and total outlays provided by a measure shall include
any discretionary amounts described in subsection (a).

# 1SEC. 4003. APPLICATION AND EFFECT OF CHANGES IN AL-2LOCATIONS, AGGREGATES, AND OTHER3BUDGETARY LEVELS.

4 (a) APPLICATION.—Any adjustments of allocations,
5 aggregates, and other budgetary levels made pursuant to
6 this concurrent resolution shall—

7 (1) apply while that measure is under consider-8 ation;

9 (2) take effect upon the enactment of that10 measure; and

(3) be published in the Congressional Record assoon as practicable.

13 (b) EFFECT OF CHANGED ALLOCATIONS, AGGRE-GATES, AND OTHER BUDGETARY LEVELS.—Revised allo-14 cations, aggregates, and other budgetary levels resulting 15 16 from these adjustments shall be considered for the purposes of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 17 18 621 et seq.) as the allocations, aggregates, and other 19 budgetary levels contained in this concurrent resolution. 20 (c) BUDGET COMMITTEE DETERMINATIONS.—For purposes of this concurrent resolution, the levels of new 21 22 budget authority, outlays, direct spending, new entitle-23 ment authority, revenues, deficits, and surpluses for a fis-24 cal year or period of fiscal years shall be determined on the basis of estimates made by the chair of the Committee 25 on the Budget of the applicable House of Congress. 26

# 1SEC. 4004. ADJUSTMENTS TO REFLECT CHANGES IN CON-2CEPTS AND DEFINITIONS.

3 (a) HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—In the House of Representatives, the chair of the Committee on the Budget 4 5 may adjust the appropriate aggregates, allocations, and other budgetary levels in this concurrent resolution for any 6 7 change in budgetary concepts and definitions consistent 8 with section 251(b)(1) of the Balanced Budget and Emer-9 gency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)(1)). 10 (b) SENATE.—Upon the enactment of a bill or joint 11 resolution providing for a change in concepts or definitions, the Chairman of the Committee on the Budget of 12 13 the Senate may make adjustments to the levels and allocations in this resolution in accordance with section 251(b) 14 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control 15 16 Act of 1985 (2 U.S.C. 901(b)).

#### 17 SEC. 4005. ADJUSTMENT FOR CHANGES IN THE BASELINE.

18 The chair of the Committee on the Budget of the 19 House of Representatives and the Chairman of the Com-20 mittee on the Budget of the Senate may adjust the alloca-21 tions, aggregates, and other appropriate budgetary levels 22 in this concurrent resolution to reflect changes resulting 23 from the Congressional Budget Office's updates to its 24 baseline for fiscal years 2021 through 2030.

### 1 SEC. 4006. LIMITATION ON ADVANCE APPROPRIATIONS.

Notwithstanding subsection (d) of section 203 of the
Bipartisan Budget Act of 2019 (Public Law 116–37; 133
Stat. 1052), such section 203 shall continue to have force
and effect in the House of Representatives during fiscal
year 2021.

# 7 SEC. 4007. REPEAL OF SUPERMAJORITY ENFORCEMENT 8 REQUIREMENT.

9 Section 3203 of S. Con. Res. 11 (114th Congress),
10 the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year
11 2016, is repealed.

#### 12 SEC. 4008. EXERCISE OF RULEMAKING POWERS.

13 Congress adopts the provisions of this title—

(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of
the Senate and the House of Representatives, respectively, and as such they shall be considered as
part of the rules of each House or of that House to
which they specifically apply, and such rules shall
supersede other rules only to the extent that they
are inconsistent with such other rules; and

(2) with full recognition of the constitutional
right of either the Senate or the House of Representatives to change those rules (insofar as they
relate to that House) at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as is the case of any

- 1 other rule of the Senate or House of Representa-
- 2 tives.